FOR FULL DETAILS OF THE FIGHT TO SAVE MRS. ROGERS SEE NEXT SUNDAY'S BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN

I CAN'T SEE ANY SUN SPOTS

THE WEATHER.

For Boston and vicinity: Fair to-night and Saturday; continued cold; fresh westerly winds.

High water; 10:35 a. m.; 11:14 p. m.

10 PAGES

HEARST'S
BOSTON AMERICAN
THE TWENTIETH CENTURY NEWSPAPER
AND NEW YORK JOURNAL

NIGHT EDITION
10 PAGES

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FLEETS OF RUSSIA AND JAPAN IN PHILIPPINE WATERS

TO FIGHT

FALL RIVER WORKERS IN CONFERENCE WITH GOVERNOR DOUGLAS

GRIEVANCES OF UNION MEN AGAINST MANUFACTURERS BEING VENTILATED.

Five Fall River labor secretaries are now in consultation with Governor Douglas at the State House in regard to their complaint that certain mill treasurers have violated the agreement made in his presence during the conference to end the strike.

The delegation called on the Governor at 11 o'clock and immediately went into the executive chamber. The conference is expected to last several hours.

The board consists of Secretary Joseph G. Jackson of the Slashers' Union, James Whitehead of the Weavers' Union, Thomas Taylor of the Loomfixers' Union, Thomas O'Donnell of the Mulespinners' Union and James Tansey of the Carders' Union.

President Tansey of the Textile Council telephoned Governor Douglas yesterday and made an appointment for the board to present grievances in person. The labor secretaries hope that the Governor will be able to take some action which will obtain for them relief from alleged injustice.

The Manufacturers' Association refused to hold a conference with the Textile Council, and asked the latter to send them a specific statement regarding the discrimination alleged against union mill hands. The council voted to do this, but later the executive board decided to ignore the

Continued on 2nd Page, 5th Column

CHASE REPORT RULED OUT BY GAS BOARD

CLASH OVER EXAMINATION OF TRUST BOOKS RENEWED AT TO-DAY'S HEARING.

Chairman Barker, of the Gas Commission, to-day ruled that the report of Expert Harvey S. Chase upon his examination of the books of the Boston gas companies had not been presented to the board, and that no official recognition would be taken of it until Mr. Chase should appear as a witness and a decision had been reached as to whether his evidence was wanted.

The clash over this report was received between counsel and the Gas Commissioners at the opening of the hearing to-day on the capitalization of the Boston Consolidated Gas Company.

Frederick E. Snow, counsel for the Gas Trust, made a strenuous fight to have the report withdrawn. Chairman Barker's ruling was emphatically protested by General Schaff of the commission.

Chase Selected by Counsel.

Mr. Chase had been agreed upon by counsel as a public accountant to examine the books of the gas corporations and re

Continued on 3d Page, 2d Column.

FRIENDS OF WOMAN BEGIN FIGHT TO

TRY MRS. ROGERS AGAIN

WOMAN WEPT AS REPRIEVE IS READ TO HER

WINDSOR, Vt., Feb. 3.—The official document bearing the signature of Governor Charles J. Bell, reprieving Mary Mabel Rogers from death until June 2, reached here to-day by special messenger, and was read to the condemned woman by Superintendent Oakes in the west wing of the prison.

While the news of the Governor's action was communicated to Mrs. Rogers yesterday the formal ceremony to-day, by which she was legally and literally rescued from the jaws of death was a very impressive one.

Mrs. Rogers, who had fully prepared to die, and who had calmly made up her mind to do it without a show of emotion or exhibition or fright, wept silently as the superintendent read the technical words of the reprieve.

When the ceremony was finished Mrs. Rogers, turning to the superintendent, asked with quivering lip

"Has mother been told?"

"Yes, she has been informed of the good news," replied Mr. Oakes.

"Thank God for that," exclaimed the woman. "That will make her happy."

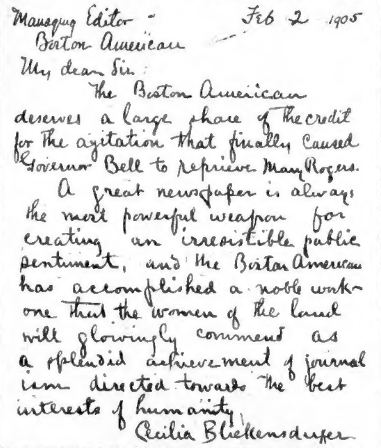
REMOVED FROM DEATH CELL.

As the first result of the reprieve Mrs. Rogers was taken from the death cell to a large, well-ventilated room in the east wing of the prison. She was escorted to her new quarters by Matron Durkee and accompanied by Wardens Flint and Persons, whose duties as death watchmen were ended.

Mrs. Rogers will remain in that room, save in her working hours, under the care of Miss Durkee. She will probably resume her work in the women's shoe shop.

Those who were present at the reading of the reprieve, besides Superintendent Oakes, were High Sheriff Peck, Secretary Charles T. Walters, who bore the official reprieve and a special message to the Sheriff of Windsor County; Deputy Sheriffs

Continued on 2d Page, 1st Column.



Managing Editor - Feb 2 1905
Boston American
My dear Sir:

The Boston American deserves a large share of the credit for the agitation that finally caused Governor Bell to reprieve Mary Rogers.

A great newspaper is always the most powerful weapon for creating an irresistible public sentiment, and the Boston American has accomplished a noble work— one that the women of the land will glowingly comment as a splendid achievement of journalism directed towards the best interests of humanity.

Cecilia Blickensderfer

FAC-SIMILE REPRODUCTION OF LETTER FROM MRS. BLICKENSDERFER TO THE AMERICAN.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Feb. 2, 1905.

Managing Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

My Dear Sir—The BOSTON AMERICAN deserves a large share of the credit for the agitation that finally caused Governor Bell to reprieve Mary Rogers.

A great newspaper is always the most powerful weapon for creating an irresistable public sentiment, and the BOSTON AMERICAN has accomplished a noble work, one that the women of the land will glowingly commend as a special achievement of journalism directed towards the best interests of humanity.

CECILIA BLICKENSDERFER.

Japan Reported to Have Used Island of Sulu Group as Naval Base, and United States Fleet Is Dispatched to Preserve American Neutrality in Coming Naval Conflict.

MANILA, Feb. 3.—A great battle between the naval forces of Russia and Japan, it is believed, is imminent in Philippine waters.

Scouts from the great war fleets of both nations have been seen in this neighborhood, and it is thought that one of the most decisive actions of the war will be fought in the near future.

The Navy Department of the United States has taken prompt action to preserve a strict neutrality, and a big fleet of vessels has been ordered to this point.

The movements of the rival fleets of Admiral Rojestvensky and Admiral Togo have been shrouded in mystery for some time. It is reported that the Japanese have selected Tawi-Tawi, one of the islands of the Sulu group, as a naval supply base.

This indicates that the Japanese believe that they will be able to meet the Russians not far from there. Rojestvensky, when last reported, was in the vicinity of Madagascar. That was a month ago, and he has had time to reach the region where the Mikado's sea fighters are on the lookout for him.

AMERICAN FLEET ALERT.

The advance of the Russians has been sighted by the wary brown men between Borneo and the Sulu Islands, according to a report that has reached here. The Government at Washington has been advised of the likelihood of the battle taking place in American waters.

Secretary Morton has given orders for the distribution of his fleet to Rear Admiral Stirling. The Admiral is to strictly preserve the neutrality of the Philippines, and carefully avoid any complications with the belligerents.

The Baltimore, Rear Admiral Folger's flagship, and the Raleigh are in readiness to sail for the South. The Cincinnati is expected from Chefoo on Sunday. The Rainbow will probably be stationed at Subig. Three smaller gunboats will be ordered to form a southern patrol and six torpedo boats are expected to assist. There will also be coastguard cutters on watch.

READY TO RESUME TERRIFIC BATTLE

LONDON, Feb. 3.—Dispatches from the headquarters of General Oku, dated February 2, say that the Russian force remains opposite the Japanese left wing, occasionally firing, but no serious attacks are attempted.

Some movement of the Russians is noticeable along their entire front, and the bombardment of the Japanese lines is continued at intervals. The Japanese seldom reply to the Russian fire.

It is evident that both armies are preparing for a battle when the weather moderates. The temperature was thirteen degrees below zero (Fahrenheit) last night. It is believed that the present period of cold weather will be the last of the season.

The main body of the Russians, after their defeat at Heikoutai, retired across the Hun river and occupied Niuyuhoo, Sufangtai and a portion of Changtan. On Wednesday the Russians began constructing defensive works in the neighborhood of Shufangtai, Chungchiawepeng and Changtan.

Details of the fighting from January 25

Continued on 2d Page, 7th Column

RUSSIAN ARMY IN EAST FACES STARVATION; SUPPLIES OF COUNTRY NEARLY EXHAUSTED

WAR OFFICE VERY ANXIOUS OVER OUTLOOK

No Harvest This Year, and None of Last Year's Crop Will Be Left Over.

LIVING HAND TO MOUTH

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 3.—The Russian army in Manchuria faces starvation. The greatest anxiety prevails among those officials whose duty it is to supply the troops with food, as by April the supply will have been exhausted and there is no more in sight.

By that time the whole resources of Manchuria will be exhausted. There will be no harvest this year, and none of last year's crop will be left. Neither will there be any cattle.

Three months' stores were burned at Liao Yang and Mukden, and half a million troops will be dependent on the supplies forwarded on the Manchurian Railway. The army, it is said, is already living from hand to mouth.

Some apprehension is felt lest the temptation to cross the Liao river into the fertile region of China immediately on the other side should prove irresistible to General Kuropatkin's army.

CZAR FAVORABLY IMPRESSED MEN WHO SAW HIM AT PALACE

By Robert Crozier Long.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 3.—The workmen who went to the Tsarkoe Selo Wednesday to see the Czar told to-day of their meeting. Feodor Dolgrine, an unusually intelligent mechanic from the Putiloff iron works, said:

"The Czar's face is kind and brave. The tears came to eyes toward the end of his speech. I wanted dearly to see our Golden Czarina, but she did not come into the hall. As we filed out the Czar smiled kindly. One man stumbled and fell, and the Czar laughed. The Emperor looked extremely well. At first we feared to raise our eyes to him. He spoke loudly and clearly. We remember every word he said."

The majority of the workmen seemed indifferent, believing the whole business arranged by Trepoff. The men were not told where they were going until they reached Trepoff's office. They had not volunteered but the managers of the factories ordered them to go.

All the workmen commented on the fact that they were not given bread and salt, which is the inevitable symbol of hospitality in Russia, and said that the Czar's reception had improved their opinion of him.

GORKI IN BARE CELL AND FEARS SIBERIA; FATHER GOPON SAFE

LONDON, Feb. 3.—Conflicting reports have reached here concerning the whereabouts of Maxim Gorki, the famous Russian novelist, who has been confined in Peter and Paul fortress for participation in the recent disturbances. The correspondent of the Standard at St. Petersburg telegraphs that the report which was sent earlier in the day that Gorki had been released is untrue.

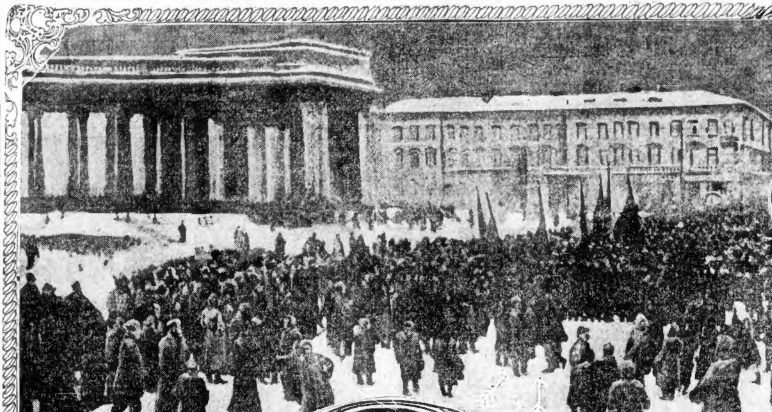
Gorki's friend, Kopiatnitsky, told him that the novelist was in solitary confinement in a small, cold room, with a bare stone floor. The novelist had begged his jailers that he be given slippers to keep warm. This was refused by the commandant, who would not allow him to wear his own clothes and underwear, but forced him to don the rough prison garb. Gorki said that he expected to be kept in prison for an indefinite period, and feared banishment to Siberia.

Corroborating the statement cabled to the BOSTON AMERICAN a few days ago, in regard to the escape of Father Gopon, as told by Grand Duke Vladimir, the correspondent of the London Standard was told on good authority that the priest made his way to Sweden through Finland, and is now supposed to be in Switzerland. He was aided on the way by Finnish patriots, who not only supplied him with a boat to cross the Gulf of Sweden, but provided him with money to pay his expenses to Geneva.

It is not believed that Gopon will return to Russia. The workingmen seem to have lost confidence in him, and the Government would deal severely with him if it were to lay hands upon him. The story that he was for years an agent of the police has gained wide circulation, and has tended to injure him very much with the masses.

FIRST PHOTOGRAPH OF STRIKING WORKMEN, JUST BEFORE THEY WERE SHOT DOWN IN ST. PETERSBURG.

Taken by the London Daily Graphic from a roof overlooking the square near the Winter Palace. Figures indicated by arrows are those of Fathers Gopon and Sergius.



Father Gopon Leading Strikers, from Photograph in London Express.

FR. SERGIUS, A LEADER OF THE STRIKERS.

REPRIEVE READ TO MRS. MARY ROGERS

Continued From First Page.

Kinary and McCauley, Wardens Persons and Flint and Chaplain Miller.

WORK FOR NEW TRIAL.

Assisted by Charles McCarthy, Edward B. Flynn and ex-District Attorney John C. Senter, and with the money pledged to the cause by Mrs. William J. Blickensderfer in behalf of the National Legislative League, Attorney Thomas F. Moloney, who has been a leader in the fight for a reprieve for Mary Rogers, will begin at once the preparation of the appeal to the Supreme Court of Vermont at its next session in May for a new trial.

At a conference between the attorneys and Mrs. Blickensderfer, held in the Pavilion Hotel at Montpelier, the latter vouched for the hearty financial support and co-operation of the league and other affiliated women's clubs. She will, in the near future, address a meeting of club women in New York, and will make an appeal for funds to defray all expenses of the work of a new trial.

It is believed that the agitation of this case means the death knell of capital punishment in Vermont. The bringing out of all the issues connected with capital punishment has awakened in the public mind the feeling that it should be abolished and that more humane methods should be substituted.

It will be asserted that while Mrs. Rogers may be in her right mind now, she was not at the time of the murder. At the time of the trial the prosecution claimed that the day after the murder Mrs. Rogers called on C. J. Riley, an insurance agent, and asked him for her husband's insurance of $500, saying that she guessed he was dead. Mr. Riley, it is now said, says she did not call of her own volition, but that for some reason he sent for her. As no defence was put in at the trial, Mr. Riley did not tell his story then.

The claim is made also that inasmuch as no defence at all except arguments was put in, that a new trial should be had in the interests of justice.

The principal grounds, it is expected, for granting a new trial will be the admissions made Tuesday by Leon Perham. He admitted that he had not told the truth at the trial. He was told that it was largely upon his testimony that Mrs. Rogers was convicted, and that he must tell the truth then or never.

VOTE IN HER FAVOR.

One more point is raised to show the vote of the Legislature did not really reflect the desire of the people at the time it was taken at the last session. One Representative is sent from every city and town in the State to the Legislature, regardless of the number of voters. Baltimore, with its twelve voters or so, has as much power in the Legislature as Burlington with its thousands, namely one vote. An analysis of the vote of the Legislature on the bill to commute the sentence of Mary Rogers shows that most of the large cities and towns cast their one vote in favor of Mrs. Rogers. So it is claimed that at that time the majority of the people were favorable to commutation of the sentence.

Speaking of the granting of the reprieve and of his future actions, Attorney Moloney said:

"I think the Governor has done an act that will not only be to his credit but to the credit of the State of Vermont," said Mr. Moloney. "In fact, I do not see that he could do anything else than grant a reprieve. We asked for an opportunity to get into the Supreme Court with our case. He has given us that opportunity. He has done no violence to the Legislature or to the laws.

"We have new and important evidence. We think, and so expressed it to the Governor as our honest belief, that as soon as it can be put in proper shape for the attention of the Supreme Court it will command their closest attention.

"I have been taking the great burden on myself in this case. God knows that I did not want to take the responsibility. I said after my last criminal case that I would not take another, but now that I am in it I will stay through."

Mr. Moloney said that the case would not come before the Supreme Court at the present term, and that it would require quick work to get it ready for the next term, on account of the affidavits which it would be necessary to secure and other work involved.

E. B. Flynn, who appeared before the Governor as counsel for Sheriff Peck and his deputies, and requested a reprieve, was greatly pleased. He said:

"Knowing what I did about Perham's confession, I felt that a great injustice would be done Mrs. Rogers unless she were reprieved. She told her story to me Tuesday evening. I then saw Perham, and during that interview he broke down and confessed that he had lied."

Full Text of Reprieve.

The following is the full text of the proclamation and reprieve:

To Mary Rogers:

Greeting: Whereas, Mary M. Rogers, of Bennington, in the county of Bennington, and State of Vermont, was by the consideration and judgment of the Honorable County Court in and for the county of Bennington and State of Vermont, begun and held at said Bennington on the first Tuesday of December, 1903, duly convicted of the crime of murder in the first degree, to wit, the murder of Marcus M. Rogers, on the 12th day of August, 1902, and was in said court then and there sentenced by said court in session in the following words, to wit:

"The sentence of the Court is that you, said Mary M. Rogers, on the first Friday of February in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and five, between the hours of one and two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, within the walls or enclosed yard of the State prison at Windsor, be hung by the neck until dead.

"And it is ordered that a warrant be issued by the clerk of the county court within and for said county of Bennington under the seal of said court to the said Sheriff of said county of Windsor, commanding said Sheriff to cause said sentence to be carried into effect. And it is also the sentence of this court that in the meantime you, said Mary M. Rogers, be confined in said state prison at hard labor therein until within three months of the said time fixed for said execution and for and during three months next prior to the time fixed for the said execution, and up to said execution you, the said Mary M. Rogers, be confined in solitary confinement in the said state prison."

Commit Her to Prison.

And whereas, under and by virtue of the said judgment and sentence of the said court, there was, by the clerk of said court, and under the seal of the said court, on January 1, 1904, duly issued a mittimus directed to the sheriff of the said county of Bennington therein receiving said judgment and sentence of said court, and commanding him, the said sheriff of said Bennington county, to take the body of the said Mary M. Rogers and her to commit to the said state prison at said Windsor there to stand to and abide the judgement and sentence of said court as aforesaid;

And whereas, by virtue of said mittimus, the Sheriff of the County of Bennington did on, to wit, January 2, 1904, take the body of the said Mary M. Rogers and her commit to the said State prison at the said Windsor, and whereas on, to wit, the second day of January, 1905, there was issued by the clerk of said County Court of said County of Bennington, and under the seal of said court, a warrant directed to the said Sheriff of the said County of Windsor therein reciting the said judgment and sentence of said court as herein above set forth, and by the authority of the State of Vermont commanding the said Sheriff that upon the first Friday of February next, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and five, between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock in the afternoon of the said day, within the walls or enclosed yard of the said State prison of said Windsor, he cause execution of said sentence of the said honorable court in all respects to be done and performed upon the body of her, the said Mary M. Rogers, agreeably to the provisions of the law of Vermont;

Reprieved to June 2.

Now, therefore, I, Charles J. Bell, Governor of the State of Vermont, under and by virtue of the power and authority vested in me by the Constitution of the State of Vermont, do hereby grant to and unto the said Mary M. Rogers a reprieve of and from the said sentence of death of said court as above set forth to and until Friday, the second day of June, 1905, to and until between the hours of 1 and 2 o'clock of the second day of June, 1905, when and whereupon there shall in all respect be executed and carried out, the judgment and sentence of death of said court, as herein above set forth.

Given under my hand and seal of the State of Vermont at Walden, this second day of February, in the year of our Lord, one thousand nine hundred and five, and in the year of the Independence of the United States, the one hundred and twenty-ninth. Signed

(Seal) CHARLES J. BELL, Governor.

By the Governor: Charles T. Walters, Secretary of Civil and Military Affairs.

For that cough, take Piso's Cure for Consumption.

COLDS CAUSE SORE THROAT
Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

STATE POLICE AFTER WRITER OF LETTER

Deputy Chief of State Police Neal said to-day that his department is investigating the sending of a letter to Harold Harpin, a guard in the Windsor Prison, with the promise of a $500 bribe if he conveyed poison to Mary Rogers with which to kill herself.

The police have the name and address of the person who is supposed to have sent the bribe offer. The address given, which is in Roxbury, has been investigated without the police having learned anything, Mr. Neal says, that is of any value to them in clearing up the matter.

The State police visited Postmaster Hibbard in regard to locating the writer of the letter. They were turned over to Chief Letherman, who advised them to send a registered letter to the address given in the letter, and watch for the person who called for it.

"When the State police consulted with me about the case," said Inspector Letherman, "I told them it would be against the postoffice rules for me to give out the name of the writer, but that we would assist them by sending a letter to him if they would prepare it.

"A decoy was then prepared by the State police and I detailed Postoffice Inspector McMillan to see that it got to the writer. I don't know whether or not an arrest was made. I know nothing further about this matter. It did not come in our department. I do know the letter was mailed in Boston and that the writer lives in Roxbury."

Harpin is nineteen years old. His father, Edward W. Harpin, is the warden of the State prison, the second officer in command at the institution. The youth is a "wall man," his duty being to watch the prison yard from a sentry box situated on top of the prison wall. He has not come in touch with Mrs. Rogers, nor was he likely to. This makes the attempt to bribe him to assist the prisoner to poison herself a desperate one.

Text of the Letter.

This is the text of the letter young Harpin received, as nearly as he can remember it. The letter itself was turned over to Governor Bell of Vermont, and is now in the hands of the Federal authorities:

Confidential.
I have found you to be o. k. I will send you $250 and powders which I would like you to get to Mrs. Rogers before the execution. If nothing is done for her before January 24, I will send you $250 more, making in all $500.

MONTREAL FIREMEN FREEZE TO LADDERS

MONTREAL, Feb. 3.—Fire on St. Lawrence street destroyed Tuckett's cigar factory, and the Merchants' Telephone Exchange, causing a loss of about $100,000. Firemen were frozen to their ladders and had to be chopped away, others with their cheeks and ears frozen actually bathed in pools of water. The temperature was ten below zero.

STRICKEN DEAD EATING BREAKFAST

The body of a man, who fainted in the Bay State House on Hanover street to-day, while eating his breakfast, and who died shortly after of cardiac pneumonia, is at the Relief Station Morgue awaiting identification. He was known to the people of the Bay State House as John Roberts, and had been there frequently.

FATAL COLD WAVE GRIPS THE BAY STATE

ONE MAN FROZEN TO DEATH IN LOWELL, AND TRAVELLERS SUFFER.

Cold, tense and stinging, grips Boston and all New England to-day. It has caused one death at Lowell, where Patrick Murray was found frozen on the ice of the Concord River. Murray's companion, Michael Murphy, will lose both feet. He was found unconscious by the police.

Trains arriving three and four hours late at the North Station report blizzards in St. John and Halifax, with drifts thirty feet high. Frozen steam pipes have caused delay and passengers on many of the through trains have suffered discomfort. Rails covered thick with frost made fast time for heavy trains impossible.

Cape Cod reports an average of ten degrees below zero, the coldest since Winter opened.

Buzzard's Bay is iced over, so that it can be safely crossed at almost any point.

Nantucket is cut off from all communication on account of the ice floe. Fears are expressed that the steamer will be unable to make Nantucket Harbor for several days.

Whole Country Nipped.

Everywhere throughout the country the cold is felt. Chicago is suffering. Denver has a bad case of the frosts and at Bismarck, North Dakota, it was thirty-four degrees below. The only really warm place outside of the Pacific Coast and other points on the Gulf of Mexico is Jupiter. Key West, where it is sixty-six above, and likely to be warmer.

In Boston and immediate vicinity it is a general good, all-round Winter frost with snap enough to make the ears tingle, with bitterness enough to make the feet feel numb and the fingers refuse to work after being exposed to the open air. It seems just like the weather that is to be found throughout the Winter at places in Northern Vermont, where they are accustomed to ten and fifteen below zero almost all through the Winter.

Below Zero in Brookline.

Brookline, Malden and Wakefield record the lowest temperatures early today. In Brookline Village at 6 o'clock it was two degrees below and at Coolidge's Corner, only a short distance away, it was only one degree warmer.

Malden square registered two below at the official thermometer at 6 o'clock. In Quincy square it was just zero, and there the thermometer hovered in the early hours of the forenoon.

TEMPERATURES ABOUT BOSTON.

North Station	3 below
Everett square, Everett	3 above
Malden square	2 below
Quincy square, Quincy	Zero
Adams square	2 above
Brookline village	2 below
Coolidge Corner, Brookline	1 below
Melrose Centre	4 above
Wakefield Centre	2 below
Mattapan	2 above
Market square, Brighton	3 above
Watertown square	2 below
Medford square	8 above
Field's Corner	2 above
Revere	4 above
City square, Charlestown	2 above
Dudley street terminal	3 above
Sullivan square terminal	2 above

In town it seemed to be somewhat warmer. At Thompson's Spa, for instance, it registered eight degrees above, and at Brine's corner of Pemberton square and Tremont street it was one degree colder.

It was solemnly said by the big policeman who guards the entrance to the North Station that when he looked at the thermometer at 6 o'clock that it registered three degrees below. His statement is believed by the early comers, who had a look and found only a degree difference in his statement and what it was at that time.

Freezing in the North.

Northern New England has it pretty bad. Trainmen coming in on early trains at the North Station reported that they were nearly frozen.

It is believed that the present weather will continue with little change. There is not the slightest sign that there will be snow. The only places that register any snowfalls are in the lower Mississippi Valley, the Southwest and in the province of Quebec. The snowfalls are light, and there is little chance that blizzards will develop.

The cold wave stopped at Denver, leaving the Pacific coast with mild, unchanging weather.

FALL RIVER MEN MEET GOVERNOR

Continued From First Page.

request of the mill treasurers, believing that they had violated their agreement, made in the presence of Governor Douglas, to take back all strikers as soon as possible, and had shown themselves so unfair as to forfeit all confidence.

The executive board decided to present to Governor Douglas the list of specic cases of discrimination. It is understood to include about fifty cases and to give names of operatives, dates and the names of the mills where the discrimination was shown. The slashers and the weavers have the most grievances. Of the former about fifty are now idle. The labor secretaries took the 8:47 o'clock train and arrived in Boston at 10:05.

FALL RIVER MILLS PLAN TO FORM A $100,000,000 COMBINE

FALL RIVER, Feb. 3.—A $100,000,000 corporation is now said to be what is to follow as a result of the meeting of mill men in the office of Jackson, Slade & Borden when the proposed consolidation of the cotton mills of this city was discussed.

It is pointed out that if the proposed consolidation goes through it will enable the mills to seek foreign outlets for their products, which heretofore has been impossible owing to the great expense to a small corporation.

It is stated that the consolidation will not take in the Iron Works Mills of M. C. D. Borden, nor those of the New England Cotton Yarn Company, or the Thread Trust. Leaving these out, there would still be available to the promoters thirty-seven corporations, with a present capital of $23,000,000, and operating 2,664,000 spindles and 71,000 looms.

The corporation, it is expected, will, by the erection of additional works, enable the mills to be finishers of their own goods and thereby be in a better position to meet the conditions forced upon them by the advance made in trade methods. Bleacheries, print works and finishing plants will either be purchased or built here.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

GREAT ARMIES PREPARE FOR BATTLE AGAIN

Oyama Reports on the Recent Fight at Hun River.

WAS A NIGHT ATTACK

Continued From First Page.

to January 29, which Field Marshal Oyama officially designates as the battle of Heikoutai, show that the operations were more extensive, the forces engaged larger and the fighting more desperate than the first reports indicated. The Japanese casualties totaled 7,000. According to the Japanese estimate the Russians lost over 10,000.

The armies fought in a driving snowstorm. It was bitterly cold and very difficult to see. An attack delivered in the early morning brought success to the Japanese.

Field Marshal Oyama says in his report:

"Our object had not been attained, so I encouraged our columns to make night attacks. All columns of the attacking force expected annihilation. We attempted several attacks and movements, but suffered heavily by the enemy's artillery, especially the machine guns. All columns continued the attack with all their might.

"The enemy, unable to withstand our vigorous attacks, began to retreat at 5:30 in the morning. Our forces, charging into Heikoutai, occupied the place firmly and entirely at 9:30 in the morning."

The Russian force engaged is estimated by the Japanese at seven division, with a division of cavalry. Prisoners report that the Fouth Russian Infantry regiment was practically annihilated.

TROOPS FIRE ON THE STRIKERS; MANY KILLED

WARSAW, RUSSIAN POLAND, Feb. 3.—Serious disorders broke out to-day at Lodz, seventy-five miles from Warsaw, where 25,000 men are striking. Some of the employes of a lace factory attempted to return to work and the remainder forcibly prevented them. A strong military patrol was summoned and fired at the strikers, who replied with revolver shots. It is reported over the telephone that the fighting was still in progress at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

Strikes were started in the coal districts of Dombrowa and Sosnoviec. It is feared they will have a serious effect on the industrial situation generally, Warsaw, Lodz and other important manufacturing centres being entirely dependent for their coal supply on those districts.

According to the best information obtainable, the official list of persons killed during the disturbances here contains over 300 names, in addition to many unidentified bodies lying at the receiving vault in the cemetery.

A group of soldiers outside a liquor store fired on passers-by without warning, killing a shopkeeper and wounding another man.

NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA

A CURE FOR ALL

Not a Patent Cure-all, Nor a Modern Miracle But Simply a Rational Cure for Dyspepsia

In these days of humbuggery and deception, the manufacturers of patent medicines, as a rule, seem to think their medicines will not sell unless they claim that it will cure every disease under the sun. And they never think of leaving out dyspepsia and stomach troubles. They are sure to claim that their nostrum is absolutely certain to cure every dyspeptic and he need look no further.

In the face of these absurd claims it is refreshing to note that the proprietors of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets have carefully refrained from making any undue claims or false representations regarding the merits of this most excellent remedy for dyspepsia and stomach troubles. They make but one claim for it, and that is, that for indigestion and serious stomach troubles Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is a radical cure. They go no farther than this, and any man or woman suffering from indigestion, chronic or nervous dyspepsia, who will give the remedy a trial will find that nothing is claimed for it that the facts will not fully sustain.

It is a modern discovery, composed of harmless vegetable ingredients acceptable to the weakest or most delicate stomach. Its great success in curing stomach troubles is due to the fact that the medicinal properties are such that it will digest whatever wholesome food is taken into the stomach, no matter whether the stomach is in good working order or not. It rests the overworked organ and replenishes the body, the blood, the nerves, creating a healthy appetite, giving refreshing sleep and the blessings which always accompany a good digestion and proper assimilation of food.

In using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets no dieting is required. Simply eat plenty of wholesome food and take these Tablets at each meal, thus assisting and resting the stomach, which rapidly regains its proper digestive power, when the Tablets will be no longer required.

Nervous Dyspepsia is simply a condition in which some portion or portions of the nervous system are not properly nourished. Good digestion invigorates the nervous system and every organ in the body.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by all druggists at 50 cts. per package.

"The Dresswell"
159 TREMONT ST
Ladies' Outfitters
Sale of Skirts
All-Wool Mixtures and Plain Colors, sold formerly from $5.00 to $10.00, Now
2.50 to 5.00
159 Tremont St.

HUGE NEW SPOT ON SUN IS 70,000 MILES LONG

FLAMES DUE TO OUTBURSTS OF HYDROGEN GAS FROM ENVELOPE OF SUN

It Is Egg-shaped, Is 66,000 Miles in Width, and Can Be Seen With Smoked Glasses.

Has Been Observed From Various Parts of the Country, and Will Last for Three Days.

A huge spot on the sun has become visible from the observatory at Harvard. Professor E. C. Pickering, director of the observatory, made an observation at 10:05 o'clock to-day and found the spot very distinct.

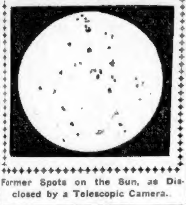
"It is directly in the centre of the sun," said Professor Pickering to the BOSTON AMERICAN. "It is 90,000 miles long and 60,000 miles wide, and is the largest spot on the sun that has been observed for years. I think it will be visible for days at least.

"The sun spots do not have any effect upon the earth, and they are liable to occur most any time. They usually come every eleven years, and last until they have completed the diameter of the sun. They are being seen from all parts of the world where the sun is visible now. They may cause severe storms upon the earth, but the present spots do not have any particular bearing on the terrestrial matter or the earth."

This latest sun spot is egg-shaped, and can be seen through an ordinary smoked glass. It has been seen by Professor A. K. Cole, of Chicago, and is also visible at St. Augustine, Fla.

The giant spot on the sun was first discovered Wednesday by Professor A. K. Cole, teacher of biology in the Lake High School of Chicago. He made mathematical calculations and found that the spot was almost 80,000 miles long, shaped like an egg and could be seen through smoked glasses.

Yesterday the spot was sighted from St. Augustine, Fla., and attracted a great deal of attention. It was deep black and seemed to be on the northwest corner of the sun.



Former Spots on the Sun, as Disclosed by a Telescopic Camera.

TWO FIREMEN ARE INJURED

Business District of Gloucester Threatened With Destruction.

GLOUCESTER, Feb. 3.—The heart of the business section of the city was visited last night by the most disastrous fire since 1894. The Tappan block, a two and one-half story brick building, was wholly destroyed, and two firemen seriously injured. The flames threatened to spread to adjoining buildings, and only the hardest kind of work on the part of the department confined the fire loss to the block where it started.

Captain Samuel H. McQuin of the chemical engine broke seven ribs by a fall through an open trap door, and was rescued with difficulty by Patrolman Foster.

Lieutenant Frank H. Smith of the Defiance company slipped from an icy ladder and broke his leg.

The total damage is estimated at $150,000.

BOSTON STOCKS.

	Opening.	1 p. m.
Adventure	7	7
Allouez	20½	20½
Amalgamated	74⅝	75⅛
Am. Ag. Ch.	20½	21
Am. Ag. Ch. pref.	89	89½
American Telephone	145¼	145½
American Woolen	23¼	23½
American Woolen pref.	99	99¼
Atlantic	17¼	17½
Atchison	88¾	88⅛
Bingham	32¾	32⅞
Boston Con.	7¼	7
Boston Elevated	155½	155½
Boston & Maine	177½	178
Calumet & Hecla	680	675
Centennial	18	18¼
Copper Range	69¼	69¼
Daly-West	15¼	15
Granby	5⅝	5¼
Isle Royale	25½	26
Mass. Electric	15⅛	15⅛
Mass. Electric pfd.	60½	60
Mass. Gas	39	39
Mass. Gas pfd	81¼	81¼
Mohawk	53¼	53
N. Y., N. H. & H.	200¼	206
Old Dominion	26¾	26¾
Osceola	94¾	93½
Parrot	28	28
Pullman	240	240
Quincy	115	115
Shoe Machinery	78	78
Tamarack	132	132½
Trinity	12	11½
United States Steel	30½	23½
U. S. Steel pfd.	95	95
United Fruit	106¾	106⅞
United States Oil	10¼	10
U. S. Mining	22½	23½
Union Pacific	122½	122½
Utah	42¼	42¼
Winona	11¾	..
Wolverine	109	109

NEW YORK STOCKS.

	Opening.	1 p.m.
Amalgamated Copper	74⅝	75
American & Fndy	33⅝	33½
American Smelting	86	86
American Smelting preferred	119	118¾
American Sugar	142⅞	142¾
Anaconda	108½	108½
Atchison	88¾	88½
Atchison preferred	102¾	102¾
Baltimore & Ohio	104½	104⅝
Brooklyn Transit	61¼	61⅛
Canadian Pacific	134⅝	134⅞
Chesapeake & Ohio	50⅝	50½
Chicago, Great West	23⅞	23⅜
Colorado Fuel & Iron	47¼	47¼
Delaware & Hudson	188	188¾
Erie	44⅛	44⅛
Erie 1st preferred	80¾	80¾
General Electric	186½	186½
Illinois Central	157	157
Louisville & Nashville	137¾	138½
Manhattan Elevated	170¼	170
Metropolitan	117½	117½
Missouri Pacific	107⅛	107½
M., K. & T. pfd.	67	67
New York Central	149	149
Norfolk & Western	80¾	81
Northwestern	241¾	241⅛
Pennsylvania	139⅜	139
People's Gas	107½	107⅝
Reading	93⅞	94⅛
Rock Island	35¼	35½
Southern Pacific	67¼	67⅛
Southern Railway	34½	35
St. Paul	177	177⅛
Texas Pacific	35	35½
T. C. & Iron	72⅛	72½
Union Pacific	122½	122⅝
U. S. Leather	14¼	14¼
U. S. Leather pfd	104⅝	104½
U. S. Steel	30⅝	31⅛
U. S. Steel pfd	95⅛	94⅞
Wabash	23	23⅛
Wabash pfd	45½	53
Western Union	92⅞	92⅝

CHASE REPORT IS RULED OUT

Chairman Barker Finds It Has Not Been Presented to Commission.

Continued From First Page.

port on their assets and indebtedness.

The report, in the form of printed portfolios, was brought to the hearing yesterday and laid on the commissioners' table. Mr. Snow suddenly withdrew the report, discussion as to its presentation being postponed until to-day.

To-day Mr. Snow insisted the report included facts and figures that had not been asked for.

Mr. Snow stated to the board to-day that two-thirds of the report comprised what no one had asked Mr. Chase to report.

"He has included figures on earnings, dividends and expenses which neither the board, Mr. Babson nor myself asked for," said Mr. Snow. "I think I should be allowed to prove my case when and how I please."

General Schaff stated his position, which, the result showed, was diametrically opposite to that of the two other members of the board. He declared the report had been made upon request and should be accepted at once.

Expert Put on Books.

Some weeks ago, when Robert Grant, the auditor of the gas companies, offered evidence as to the companies' own valuation of certain of their plants, he read from copies made from the books. Julius T. Auerbach, representing the signers of the BOSTON AMERICAN'S petition for eighty-cent gas, objected strenuously to the acceptance of this form of evidence, as there had been nothing offered to show that the copies were correct. On a later date Mr. Chase was appointed to examine the books of the companies and report as to their quick assets and their indebtedness.

In the course of cross-examination by Felix Rackemann, representing the town of Brookline, Expert Humphreys was given a suppositious problem as to the expense of laying forty feet of four-inch pipe in a light, sandy soil, assuming that the price of the pipe was a given figure.

Humphreys Slow at Figures.

Mr. Humphreys could not make an estimate of this cost at the time, but said he might be able to do so during the recess. The hearing was then adjourned until afternoon. Mr. Humphreys did succeed in bringing an estimate, but he was half an hour late in returning to the witness stand. Mr. Rackemann's intention was to bring out to what extent Mr. Humphreys was qualified to appraise the complicated plants of the Boston gas companies, with their mains, machinery, holders, etc. He seemed satisfied with the result of his questioning, but the general opinion was that Mr. Humphreys's manner of solving the simple problem offered him, one involving only the rudiments of engineering, was hardly proof of his ability as an expert.

Not Bound by Appraisal.

This was only one more of the many points made against the valuation made by Mr. Humphreys. In no single detail has he shown why his appraisal of upward of $20,000,000 as the value of the machinery and mains of the companies should be accepted. The board overruled Mayor Collins's motion to have the entire appraisal thrown out, but Chairman Barker stated that the Commissioners would not be bound by it in rendering their decision, but would consider only such portions of it as they deemed just.

Corporation Counsel Babson made an effort to learn in what way Mr. Humphreys was competent to estimate the value of the buildings of the Gas Trust. He asked the witness if he could name any persons who had given him any information on the subject, Mr. Humphreys having never made such estimates previously. The witness said that a Mr. Randolph had given some assistance. Mr. Randolph is a partner in a firm of which Mr. Humphreys's brother is the head. Asked whether anyone else had given him any information on the subject, Mr. Humphreys replied that he could name no one.

VINCENT CLUB GIRLS BECOME POLITICIANS

Annual Election of Officers Will Take Place Next Tuesday.

On Tuesday next, following the first rehearsal for the play, the Vincent Club will hold its annual election of officers. This is a momentous time for the Vincent girls, for each is looking for an office in the organization. Who will be the president is the question that is troubling the minds of the members and many whisperings of what will happen are in the air. From one who knows, it is stated that Miss Dorothy Forbes, who has so successfully served as president for two terms, will be re-elected. She is up for the office and all her friends in the club, and they are legion, are doing all that they can in the way of quiet political work before the time of the meeting. Thus far nobody has been found who is to run against her.

The present officers are: President, Miss Dorothy Forbes; second vice-president, Miss Isabel Morison; secretary, Miss Elizabeth Porter; treasurer, Miss Adeline Hooper.

* * *

Announcements have been received from Mrs. Joseph Healy, of Marlboro street, that her daughter, Helen Richards Healy, and Captain Herbert Cumming French, were married in the Island of Cyprus last week. The further news is given to the Boston set that Captain and Mrs. French will come to Boston on their honeymoon next Summer and will make quite a long stay in the city. The bridegroom is a comparative stranger here, but Mrs. French is well and favorably known and has a large circle of acquaintances. Captain French is in the Engineer Corps. He comes from an old English family and is the son of Sir Charles French, K. C. B.

* * *

The wedding of next week, for which cards have been received, is that of Miss Gladys Twining Tupper and Arthur Lovering. The ceremony will be at noon, Wednesday, February 8, at St. John's Chapel, Cambridge, and a large reception will follow at Miss Tupper's home on Brattle street. Mr. and Mrs. Lovering are to live in Richmond court, Beacon street, and will be at home after March 1. They are planning a large at home during the first week in April.

* * *

Mrs. Henry D. Burnham returned to her home on Beacon street to-day, from a prolonged visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Heckscher in Philadelphia. She left Boston shortly before the holidays for a Christmas visit, but prolonged her stay in order to attend the Philadelphia Assembly. Her return to-day was made so that she would be in time to attend the second of the Boston assemblies which comes a week from to-night.

* * *

A number of cards have been received from Mr. and Mrs. William Shannon Dunn asking the members of the Boston set to attend their series of at-homes at their residence in New York. Mrs. Dunn was Miss Grace Atkins Dobson, who was married in Ipswich, from the old family home, the latter part of November. A number of those who have received cards and who have been in New York have availed themselves of the opportunity and, returning, report that the Dunns are cosily settled in a very pretty little home at No. 301 West One Hundred and Ninth street. They are to spend the coming Summer at the Dobson home in Ipswich, and they will doubtless do a lot of entertaining.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Charles B. Amory and Miss Helen Hood have come in from their home in Milton and have taken apartments at the Victoria for the remainder of the Winter. They plan to entertain with a reception before the close of the Winter season and their affair will be given probably during the last week in February.

It takes a lot of cold cash to keep the furnace coaled.

—Vorenberg's Philosophy.

Overcoat

$8.75 Value $15

Heavy Vienna Frieze—in black and dark Oxford—made with warm fancy wool body and Mohair sleeve linings—satin yoke and shoulders—silk velvet collar—splendidly tailored—and positively worth $15—the greatest special we have ever made $8.75

THE BIG STORE

Vorenberg's

Washington, Hanover & Elm Sts

VENEZUELAN CRISIS NOW AT ACUTE STAGE

President Castro Sends U. S. What May Be Construed an Ultimatum.

RELATIONS MUCH STRAINED

Special to the Boston American.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3. It is feared in state department and other government circles that a crisis in diplomatic relations with Venezuela, which President Roosevelt has tried hard to avoid, is at hand.

It is reported that the United States has received from President Castro a statement which might be construed as an ultimatum, and that United States Minister Bowen and the Venezuelan chief executive are at such acute odds that the latter is persona non grata.

Castro has exhausted the patience of President Roosevelt, and the belief obtains that the hour is nigh when the United States will feel compelled to make final and forcible demands upon the Venezuelan President to settle questions long hanging fire and of great moment to American interests.

Castro Supreme Dictator.

Attorney-General Moody has been examining the judicial system of Venezuela to inform the President and the State Department what action had best be taken to force Castro to action. His report sustains the statements of the State Department solicitor and others who are seeking redress from Venezuela that its courts are a travesty upon justice, that President Castro dominates courts, dictates verdicts, removes judges at will and denies legal rights to citizens of the United States in his country unless he is personally disposed to favor them.

The Bermuda Asphalt Company, an American concern, has been deprived of its property by force, and A. F. Jaurett, an American, was expelled from Venezuela without notice by Castro, being compelled to leave all his property behind. These are notable cases among the many which the United States has taken in hand to protect the interests of its citizens.

Mr. Veloz, the Venezuelan representative, had an interview with Acting Secretary of State Loomis, and was much perturbed by what he was told, promptly forwarding information to President Castro.

Castro Wants Delay.

Now it is said that Castro is seeking further delay by offering to arbitrate all American claims except the case of the asphalt concern, which he insists involves national honor.

Dr. Jose de J. Paul, Venezuelan member of the arbitration tribunal, who has been given diplomatic powers, is expected to hasten to Washington from Vermont to confer with Secretary Hay.

KILLED BURGLAR; AWARDED MEDAL

Patrolman Henry F. Barry of the Court Square station was given the bronze medal of the police department for his courage in attempting the arrest of two burglars who were trying to break into a Washington street liquor store. Edward J. Bannon, one of the burglars, was shot and killed by Barry. With the medal goes $25 more pay a year and the right to wear the badge of courage while on duty.

Seven other policemen were commended at roll call. They are Patrolman James A. Morgan, Patrolman William R. Connolly, Reserve William McDonald, Patrolman William D. Walsh, Reserve James McCready, Reserve Lawrence Fraher and Patrolman John H. McDonald.

EX-COUNCILMAN IS UNDER ARREST

Charged with perjury, John L. Curry, of 1330 Washington street, a former member of the City Council, is a prisoner in the Charles Street Jail awaiting arraignment.

It is charged that Curry gave "straw bail" for Josephine Lynch of No. 7 Middlesex street, who was arraigned in the Municipal Court last week.

TEN-YEAR-OLD HEROINE BATTLES ALONE WITH FIRE

HEROINE OF DORCHESTER FIRE AND SISTER.

Plucky Little Dorchester Girl Puts Out Blaze That Threatens Invalid Mother.

In the cellar of her home at No. 19 Union street, Dorchester, Kittie Hogan, aged ten years, found the woodwork on fire, the blaze threatening to reach to the upper part of the house where Mrs. Hogan was ill in bed.

In the makeup of this Dorchester girl there is determination and pluck. She ran upstairs and got a bucket of water that was much too heavy for her to carry. At this moment little Annie, aged seven years, came running in.

"Run across to the gashouse, quick, Annie," said Kittie, "and tell father to come over here quick and bring somebody else, too."

Annie ran away on her errand, leaving Kittie alone to fight the fire. Upstairs the mother was unconscious that anything serious was going on. Small Eddie and tiny Mollie were having a merry time on the floor.

In the cellar the little heroine fought the battle all alone, until Edward Hogan and his companion at the gashouse, Edward Fay, came hurrying over, alarmed at the suddenness of the message brought by Annie.

He found his daughter still doing brave battle with the flames. Despite the odds against her, she had managed to keep the blaze down, and when the two men came they were in time to stamp out all that there was left of the fire.

After it was all over someone thought of the fire engines and turned in an alarm. The engines came and found nothing to do.

"My daughter did it," said Edward Hogan to the firemen when they poured into the house and saw where the blaze had been fought and conquered without their assistance.

Until the danger was all over Mrs. Hogan was not informed of what had taken place.

LOWELL MAN FOUND FROZEN

LOWELL, Feb. 3.—On the ice of Concord River, near Chelmsford, police officers found Patrick Murray dead and Michael Murray unconscious, with both feet frozen.

The men had been fishing during the night with a companion named Andrew Murray, none of the men being related. Andrew Murray felt the cold early and went home.

Patrick Quinn, who lives near the river, heard faint cries for assistance and called the police. When they finally located the two men Michael Murray was unconscious. Both his feet will have to be amputated.

Patrick Murray's face was severely bruised. In explanation Michael Murray said that he had kept pounding him trying to keep him awake.

ONE SHOT DEAD, TRYING TO ROB

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—One man was shot dead and three others narrowly escaped a like fate in an attempt to rob the Brooklyn Navy Yard early this morning.

About four o'clock Private Lawrence T. Milton, a marine guard, saw four men making their way toward the wall of the yard and carrying away a large piece of copper.

Several robberies have recently occurred in the yard, and Milton was on the watch. He called on the men to halt. Instead of doing so they ran to the wall of the yard, and commenced to climb over.

The guard then fired four shots at the men, and one of them fell. The other escaped.

The man who was shot in the back, was taken to a hospital and died before he could be questioned as to his identity.

CALL GRANT TO SOUTHERN RAILWAY, GIFT

Despite Opposition by Many Democrats, Bill Was Passed in House.

BAKER DENOUNCED IT

Special to the Boston American.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—The division of the Democratic members from the South in the House in granting a subsidy to the Southern Railway has revealed the line of demarkation between the sincere Democrats and the masqueraders, who, while prating about the Constitution, in reality are working in the interest of the privileged classes they pretend to be against.

The subsidy, which gives $142,728 to the railroad for alleged special facilities in carrying the mails on lines from Washington to Atlanta and New Orleans, and which was passed by a committee of the whole House by a vote of 115 to 77, was denounced as nothing less than a "steal."

It is regarded as a pure gift to the Southern Railway, which, in addition, receives more than a million dollars a year for carrying the mails. The extra allowance, or gift, is made on the pretext that the delivery of the mail is facilitated by a fast train. It remained for Representative Moon, the ranking Democratic member of the committee, to openly expose the scheme.

Calls Grant a Payment.

Representative Baker, of Brooklyn, added to the excitement by denouncing some of the Southern Democratic leaders for selling out he party prior to the last National Convention to August Belmont, Ryan of the Sugar Trust and the privileged classes generally. This created as much sensation as did the exposure on the floor of the effort of the Williams contingent to bolster up the Davey railroad freight bill by thefts from the Hearst bill.

Representatives Bankhead, of Alabama; Richardson, of Alabama (who was exposed by Shackleford in the Davey Bill scandal); Underwood, of Alabama, and Klutz, of North Carolina, made the chief speeches in favor of the subsidy aside from Republicans who talked for it.

Says It Is Unjust.

Representative Hamlin referred to the refusal to give better pay to school teachers and the facility with which it was proposed to make a gift of $142,000 to a rich railroad. In referring to the assertion that it was not a "subsidy," he remarked that a railroad pass sometimes is called "transportation" because it sounds better.

Representative Finley, of South Carolina, said it was simply a subsidy, a granting to one railroad of money not granted to other railroads in the same business and that it was not a benefit in the handling of the mails, but actuall a hindrance in general distribution of the mails.

Representative Macon, of Arkansas, said: "It is a subsidy pure and simple, and subsidies are nothing more or less than legislative steals, and persons who help to give them assist in the theft."

Representative Hughes of New Jersey said he could see no good reason for transferring the money of the people to the railroad corporation.

A motion to strike out the subsidy was lost by a rising vote of 77 to 175. An effort was made to obtain a vote by teller, but the Republicans refused to permit a ballot that would show on the record how each member voted.

It was at that time that Representative Baker, of New York, made his vigorous speech against the inconsistencies of certain fellow-Democrats from the South, who were not true to Democratic petitions, and by way of comparison referred to them as lending their aid to Thomas F. Ryan and August Belmont in foisting upon the Democratic party a candidate selected by monopolists.

Such actions, he said, tended to kill the party. He said he has no complaint to make of any man who voted for Judge Parker because there was nothing else to do; his objection was to nominating a

BOSTON SALESMAN DIES.

SANDWICH, Feb. 3.—W. L. Gould, a travelling salesman of Brown, Durrell & Co., Boston, for twenty-five years, dropped dead at the Central House here.

Special Notice to Talking Machine Owners

Have you a small Talking Machine that you have received through newspaper or other schemes as a premium?

We will allow you more for it in exchange for a new up-to-date and improved Edison Phonograph, Columbia Graphophone (disc or cylinder) or Victor than any other concern in the United States.

50,000 NEW disc records in stock. 100,000 BRAND NEW Edison and Columbia Cylinder records. We give a written guarantee on all machines for one year.

We play all records in SEPARATE GLASS ROOMS No confusion.

The Best Service Ever Offered to Record Buyers.

BOSTON TALKING MACHINE EXCHANGE,
95 SUMMER STREET, BOSTON, MASS.
J. H. ORMSBY, Man. Write for Catalog 10

IMPORTANT NOTICE!

—TO—

Green Stamp Collectors

Extension of Time for Redeeming Green Stamp Books

IN GOODS AT THIS STORE.

In order to accommodate better our patrons who desire to redeem full books of Green Trading Stamps in merchandise, we will extend our offer beyond the present week in the following manner:

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE we will redeem TWO FILLED GREEN STAMP BOOKS for a voucher entitling the holder to $5.00 worth of merchandise in any department of this store, with the exception of groceries and patent medicines. This makes a two-book premium of $5.00 in merchandise. Kindly take notice that this offer applies only to TWO filled books, as under our arrangement with the Sperry & Hutchinson Co. we shall be unable to redeem single Green Books in goods after this week.

Houghton & Dutton

IN THE HOME NOTHING EQUALS SLOAN'S LINIMENT FOR ACCIDENTS OF ALL KINDS

AN ENTIRE MEDICINE CHEST

DR. EARL S. SLOAN, 615 ALBANY ST. BOSTON MASS.

ALL DEALERS

GREAT FIRE SALE

Commencing Saturday, Feb. 4.

Entire Stock of

Men's Fine Furnishing Goods

R. H. GARDNER

19 Green St., near Bowdoin Sq., Open Evenings. Boston, Mass.

MILES TELLS WHY HE PLACED IRONS ON DAVIS

Was Ordered to Take Every Precaution Against Escape of Captured President.

MANY PLOTS FOR RESCUE

After forty years of silence, General Nelson A. Miles, angered by the characterization made in Congress during the debate on the Hull bill of his treatment of Jefferson Davis when the captured president of the Confederacy was in his charge, has told for the first time why he put shackles on his prisoner.

General Miles points to Jefferson Davis's own book the reason for his action. In his book Davis told of his plan to escape by knocking a trooper from his saddle and taking the horse. This, General Miles said, made the shackles necessary. The General's statement to the BOSTON AMERICAN follows:

By General Nelson A. Miles

I would suggest that the facts be examined in the case of the shackling of Jefferson Davis at Fortress Monroe, and I would say positively that there was no attempt made to put indignities upon him or humiliate him at that time. What are the facts? He did not come to prison as the President of the Confederacy or Commander-in-Chief of the Confederate Army.

On May 2, 1865, Andrew Johnson, President of the United States, issued a proclamation in which he said:

Johnson's Proclamation.

It appears from evidence in the Bureau of Military Justice that the atrocious murder of the late President Abraham Lincoln, and the attempted assassination of the Hon. William H. Seward, Secretary of State, were incited, concerted and procured by and between Jefferson Davis, Clement C. Clay, Beverly Tucker, George N. Saunders, William C. Cleary and other rebels and traitors against the Government of the United States, harbored in Canada.

If that statement was true, what should have been the treatment of Mr. Davis? If it was not true, what should be said of President Johnson, who did not say it was rumored or believed that Mr. Davis incited, conspired and procured assassination, but asserted it as a fact?

"Davis Did Not Surrender."

Jefferson Davis did not surrender when the capital of the Confederacy at Richmond was captured. He did not surrender with his principal armies when they surrendered under Lee and Johnston, but it was his intention, and he admits it in his own book, "The Rise and Fall of the Confederacy," to try and escape and cross the Mississippi, so that he could join the Confederate army in that section and continue the war. He was sent to Fort Monroe to await trial for complicity in the assassination of Mr. Lincoln.

Orders From War Department.

On May 22, 1865, C. A. Dana, Assistant Secretary of War, authorized and directed me, in a special order, to place manacles and fetters upon the hands and feet of Jefferson Davis and Clement C. Clay whenever he may think it advisable in order to render their imprisonment more secure.

Davis, in his book, admits he intended to unhorse a man and escape on the mount. Daily notices of plots which were formed to effect the escape or rescue of Davis were sent me, with directions to take every precaution to prevent it. Light anklets were placed on Davis. He knocked over a strong man who was helping to do it. The anklets were kept on five days, only while a wooden door was being removed and an iron grated one substituted. Some of the workmen were men friendly to the Confederacy. The anklets gave Davis no pain, and did not prevent him from walking. They were designed to prevent him running, and thus draw the fire of the guard. They were designed to prevent him from attempting to escape, do himself or any one else injury. There was not the least desire on the part of any one to place indignation upon Mr. Davis or in any way humiliate him. Mr. Davis at the time was fifty-six years old, strong and agile.

Was Thanked for Courtesy.

Letters to me from Mrs. Davis and Mrs. Clay, thanking me for my courtesies to them, statements under oath from army officers as to my humane and considerate treatment of Mr. Davis, and other statements in my possession prove that I did treat Mr. Davis with all the kindness that could be shown him under the circumstances. All the changes made from time to time by which Mr. Davis was allowed greater liberty and additional comforts—in fact, luxuries—were made by me or upon my recommendation, and I also recommended that he be either brought to trial or released. Statements that he was maltreated or his health impaired as a result of his imprisonment are utterly untrue.

If I should die to-morrow, the Hull bill would not affect me, but would affect many good officers and also the National Guard. If I get through here before July it will miss its mark. It is not a bill based on economy, as some claim. If they want to save, I can show them where they can save millions.

"The Spring Bud," a drawing in colors by J. J. Schneider, will be a feature of next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

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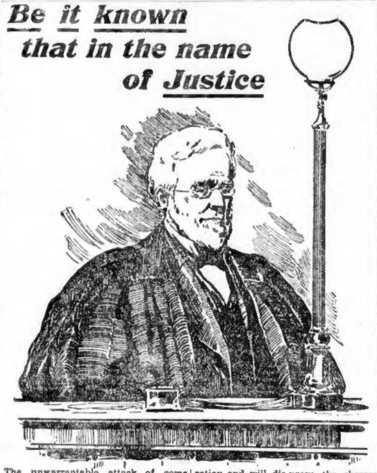
14 WIVES MAY MEET MR. HOCH

CHICAGO, Feb. 3.—The police believe that by the time Johann Hoch, the alleged polygamist and slayer of many of his wives, is brought to trial on only one of the crimes with which he is charged the list of his wives will have reached a total of fifty. At least fourteen of his wives, fortunate enough to be still living, are expected to meet him in a body at the railway station when he arrives from New York. Special police protection has been arranged.

CRAZED BY GRIP; SUICIDE.

MIDDLEBORO, Feb. 3.—While temporarily insane from an attack of grip, Frederick W. Edwards committed suicide at his residence at No. 88 Oak street.

Be it known that in the name of Justice



The unwarrantable attack of some editor upon the good name of a medicine which has been recommended by mothers and women in all stations of life, claiming that it contains 17% alcohol and other injurious ingredients, will be answered, for Dr. R. V. Pierce, the widely-known physician and founder of the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y., has brought suit against the publication making this unfounded attack, claiming $200,000 damages. The sworn complaint shows that the statements concerning our remedy made by this publication are wholly and absolutely false in every particular, and that the medicine contains no deleterious ingredients whatever, and none of the ingredients stated in the article so published. If you question the purity of Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription, send a bottle to the health department of your city for analysis. Dr. R. V. Pierce is a specialist in the diseases of women, and employed this Prescription in a large practice, and finding that it cured the diseases and weaknesses of women in almost every case, he put it up in a form that could be easily procured at any drug store. It has enjoyed the confidence of the public for the past thirty-eight years, and during that time has had a larger sale than any other woman's tonic, for almost every woman who has tried it recommends it to her friends. Dr. R. V. Pierce is willing to offer $1,000 reward to any one proving that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription does or ever did contain any alcohol or harmful drugs. This Prescription is nature's cure, because it is a pure compound of medicinal plants and roots, scientifically extracted and combined, intended for the one single purpose of curing female weakness and the pains and drains incident to that distressing complaint. One of the largest wholesale drug houses in this country, writing from Philadelphia, stated, that after their attention was called to the article in the publication mentioned, they asked the most prominent chemist in Philadelphia, Dr. Leffmann, to procure a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and report concerning the analysis. They say: "We received the following report:

"In response to a request from you we have tested a sample of the article sold as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, and have not been able to find either alcohol or opium in the same."

Yours,

(Signed) HENRY LEFFMANN,
CHARLES H. LAWALL.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is so well and favorably known and has such a wide sale that its makers could not afford to allow such a charge to pass unanswered, consequently they have brought suit against the publication and will dis-prove the charges by competent chemists. Here is the result of another prominent chemist's analysis:

CHEMICAL LABORATORY
UNIVERSITY OF BUFFALO,
HERBERT M. HILL, PH. D.,
Chemist to the City of Buffalo.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 2d, 1904.

WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, City:

Gentlemen—Three original sealed bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription were purchased by me at different stores in this city. These samples have been carefully examined with the following results:

Each sample was tested separately for alcohol (ethyl alcohol) and each was found to be free from that substance. A sample, consisting of a portion of each bottle, was examined for the alkaloids of opium and for digitalis, and well-known and very sensitive tests show the absence of these substances.

The work mentioned has been thorough and *I am certain that common alcohol, opium and digitalis are not present in the samples examined.*

Respectfully,
HERBERT M. HILL,
Professor of Chemistry University of Buffalo.

Many women certify to the value of "Favorite Prescription," as well as some physicians:

Yorktown, Ark., July 30, 1903.

DR. R. V. PIERCE, Buffalo, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—I am not giving to writing very much, but after using a remedy for years with uniform success I think it not out of place to write a few lines regarding same.

After finishing my education at the old Missouri Medical College (the oldest college of any kind west of Mississippi River), in 1883, I commenced practicing medicine in this country. For a number of years I was very reluctant about using anything not strictly ethical, but for several years I have been using Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription with much success in treatment of the various female complaints. For young girls just changing to womanhood it is an excellent medicine to tide them through that change, and for all irregularities of the monthly period I find it the remedy. For pregnant women I use it to tone up and strengthen the delicate organs of generation. For ladies suffering about the change of life it is also a splendid remedy. I know there exists a prejudice with some doctors regarding the use of proprietary remedies, but after twenty years' experience, I have learned to use any remedy that will benefit my patients, which I consider the logical view a doctor should take on the subject.

Very respectfully,
LELAND WILLIAMSON, M. D.

$1,000 REWARD *Is Offered as a Guarantee that*

DR. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION

contains no alcohol, opium, or any harmful drug. Any one publishing false statements concerning its ingredients will be prosecuted. This medicine is compounded of medicinal principles, scientifically extracted from indigenous roots that cure the diseases for which it is recommended. It has enjoyed the public confidence for over a third of a century.

World's Dispensary Medical Association,
R.V.Pierce
PRESIDENT.

TRAVEL AND TRANSPORTATION.

REDUCED RATES
Joy Line to New York
$2.50 ONE WAY | Ask for Information | $4.50 ROUND TRIP
S. O. PITTS, Agt., 308 Congress St., Phone Main 5460

HOTELS.

WOMEN TRAVELING ALONE should go direct to the Franklin Square House, 11 East Newton st., Boston; cheap, safe, warm, conveniently located; rates 75c., $1 and $1.25 per day; operated by the philanthropic association known as the Franklin Square House.

MUSIC.

EMIL GROSSE, piano and organ tuner; pianos tuned, $1 and up; also lessons given on violin and mandolin. 820 Parker st., Roxbury.

WINTER RESORTS.

MEXICO

The Italy of America

Best reached via Southern Pacific. Latest Pullman sleepers and dining cars.

170 WASHINGTON ST.
BOSTON, MASS.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

WOOD PIANO CO.
180 TREMONT ST.

YOUR OLD PIANO or organ as first payment on any piano in our stock, balance on terms to suit; exclusive representative for the following makes: Ernest, Gabler & Bros., J. & C. Fischer, Hardman, Poole, and other high-grade makes; several new Chickering & Sons, upright and grand; Henry F. Miller, Ivers & Pond, Hallet & Davis, Emerson; all standard makes, in good order, at prices that will appeal to careful buyers; write us to-day for full information. WOOD PIANO CO., 180 Tremont st.

SEVERAL organs in good order, $15, Estey, Mason & Hamlin, Geo. Woods, and others. WOOD PIANO CO., 180 Tremont st.

HENRY F. MILLER & SONS, slightly used; price $150. WOOD PIANO CO., 180 Tremont st.

IVERS & POND, walnut case, cost new $425; we have the original bill, our price $185. WOOD PIANO CO., 180 Tremont st.

3 STEINWAY uprights, used, $200 each. WOOD PIANO CO., 180 Tremont st.

15 GRAND PIANOS, some like new, others used; fine selection for church, lodge or town hall; write us for full particulars.

WOOD PIANO CO., 180 TREMONT STREET

THE GET-BUSY SALE IS ON

All our pianos are headed one way—toward our door. All our prices lean one way—toward you.

Monday, Wednesday and Friday we offer a $550 piano for $400. Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday we offer a $500 piano for $350. All the week long we sell pianos at least $100 less than any other house in Boston. In our spare moments we are thinking of ways in which we can save you money. One way is our rent. We are upstairs. LINCOLN & PARKER, 211 Tremont st. You will find the Hotel Touraine just opposite.

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.

NICE 7 1-3 octave Chickering piano in good order, $65. Call at 36 Warren st., Roxbury.

RENT A PIANO—3 months, $10; allow rent within one year toward purchase of that or any piano you may select; squares, $5 to $50; organs, $3 to $35; uprights, $75 to $450; all makes, new or second hand. BLAKE'S, 564 Washington st.; elevator; established 1869.

DRAMATIC

LESSONS in platform and parlor reading, coaching in parts for amateur theatricals by a professional of twenty-five years' experience; club women with light voices, who have occasion to speak from the platform, would be greatly benefited. ETHEL DOUGLAS, 140 Foster st., Brighton, or PIRD'S, 29 Temple place, Boston.

SLIGHTLY worn stage, party and street dresses to sell or let, $2 and up. MADAM DEGROOT, 196 Pleasant st., tel. 1471-5 Oxford.

THE BALL ROOM.

BEST SCHOOL in Boston, Prof. Heinemann's Academy, 176 Tremont st.; beginners' class Tuesday and Thursday; advanced, Friday; socials Wednesday and Saturday; private lessons day or evening with music; lady or gentleman teacher; send for circular.

STOKELL'S, 178 Tremont st.—The only school for beginners; five private (with music) and seven class lessons for $5; positively no failures.

YACHTS AND BOATS.

FOR SALE OR TRADE—A 21-foot yacht, sloop rig, new sails and rigging, large cabin and self-draining cockpit; will sell outright or exchange for gasolene launch or dory. G. F. BROOKS, 367 Western av., Cambridge, Mass.

JORDAN MARSH CO.

ESTABLISHED 1851

Our Standard Always the Highest——Our Prices Absolutely the Lowest——Our Stock Always the Largest

TREMENDOUS BARGAINS

Men's Clothing

Street Floor—Rear.

Sale of Odd Lots and Broken Sizes. Fine Seasonable Goods.

About Half Price

Black and Oxford Regular Overcoats
Also our new long belt coats, in fancy mixtures. Regular sizes, including 40, 42 and 44. Were 12.00 to 16.50 .... **7.75**

Black and Oxford Regular Style Overcoats
In all our finer grades that were 18.00 to 25.00; regular sizes, including 40, 42 and 44. Now **10.75**

Business Suits
All our odd lots of fancy mixture suits marked down to close out. Regular 12.00 to 20.00 values, now
7.75, 9.75 and 12.75

Our Febuary Sale of Odd Trousers
is now going on; the greatest values we have ever offered.

Worth 3.00	Worth 5.00	Worth 6.00	Worth 7.50
1.95	2.95	3.95	5.00

February Shoe Clearance Sale in Men's and Boys' Section

Deep Price Cutting on Winter Weights

Second Floor—Summer Street Side.

Men's Shoes at 3.50
7.00 Hand Sewed French Calf Lace, medium sole.
5.00 Welted Calf Lace, double sole.
5.00 Welted Black Russia Calf Lace, medium sole.
5.00 Welted Black Russia Calf Blucher, double sole.

Men's Shoes at 2.50
3.50 Box Calf Lace, leather lined, double sole.
3.50 Enamel Calf Lace, double sole.
3.50 Storm Grain Lace, extra heavy sole.
3.50 Velour Calf Lace, double sole.
3.50 Dull Calf Blucher, double sole.

Men's Shoes at 1.50
3.00 to 5.00 Patent Colt Lace, Vici Kid Lace, Vici Kid Congress, Enamel Lace, all sizes, but not all widths.

Boys' Shoes at 1.50
2.50 Calf Lace, medium weight, Old Brick.

Men's Goodyear Gold Seal Overshoes
Four buckles........ 2.75 | One buckle 1.50

Men's Pajamas, Shirts and Neckwear

Street Floor—Summer Street Entrance.

Choice Lots of Fine Goods at Special Bargain Prices.

French Flannel Shirts
With and without collar, new and exclusive patterns, sizes 14 to 18. 1.50 quality, now... **1.00**

The Well-Known Regent 1.00 Negligee Shirt
Cuffs detached, neat designs and colors, all new goods. Special price........ **68¢**

All-Wool Cardigan Jackets
Colors brown, navy, gray, sizes 34 to 44. Were 3.00 and 2.50, now........ **1.98**

Odds and Ends in Choice Styles of Neckwear
All clean, fresh goods, 50c. value, your choice........ **25¢**

Madras Pajamas
Plain, white, gray, brown, blue and stripe effects, sizes A, B, C. Worth 1.00 and 1.50. Our special price........ **75¢**

Heavy Weight Cheviot Pajamas
Fancy weave, white only; just right for winter wear. Special price........ **2.00**

Madras Pajamas
Neat striped effects, tailored in the newest fashion, military cut, pearl buttons. Worth 3.00. Our special price........ **2.00**

Extra Fine Grade Madras Pajamas
White and choice line of new colorings. Regular 4.50 value, now........ **3.00**

Cheviot Shirts
Highest grade goods, all new patterns. 1.50 value, now.. **1.00**

Shirts to Measure
Cutting and fitting guaranteed, complete line of importers' shirtings, exclusive designs, measurement taken at residence if desired. Special price........ **3.50**

Men's Winter Caps

Street Floor—Rear.

All First-Class Goods at Greatly Reduced Prices

1.00 Cloth Caps
Reduced to........ **50¢**

1.50 Cloth Caps
Reduced to........ **1.00**

12.00 Seal Caps
Reduced to........ **8.00**

Advance styles in Spring Derbys now being displayed.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT—Corporation expert, auditor, go anywhere, auditing, systematizing. Postoffice Box 869, New York.

AMERICAN young man, 29, handy at anything, $10 month, board. R 40, Boston American.

AUDITING or position wanted by a thoroughly experienced bookkeeper, age 34; first-class references furnished. G 55, Boston American.

BAKER—First-class; also ice cream maker and pastry cook; understands pudding, jelly and all kinds of meat pies; city or country. W 7, Boston American.

BAKER—Fine worker, competent in all branches of business. Address BAKER, 107 Chandler st., Boston.

CASHIER OR OFFICE WORK—Position wanted by middle-aged man of good education and pleasing address. Write to M. M. F., Suite 2, No. 48 Falmouth st.

ENGINEER wants position, long experience on large and small engines, E. L. work, buildings or manufacturing concerns. Address 10 Avon st., Everett, Mass.

FIRST-CLASS FIREMAN with license wants steady position. Address SAMUEL HARPLE, 60 Salem st., city.

GENTLEMAN wants position of any kind; good references. Write LEON BLOT, 81 Milford st., city.

HIGHLY recommended office man with wide experience in upper leather factory and at present in shoe factory making McKay welts and turns, also slippers, desires a change Feb. 1. D 7, Boston American.

PRIVATE SECRETARY, or companion to an elderly gentleman, position by well-educated young man, Canadian; very best references. Address or call on F. A. PLANCHE, No. 32 Royal st., Lowell, Mass.

SITUATION wanted by an American as watchman; am 24 years old, and married; sober and industrious. SCOTT W. LEIGHTON, East Bangor, Me.

SITUATION wanted by a young man of 22 yrs. as assistant bookkeeper or general office work; first-class references; $12 start. Address G 76, Boston American.

SITUATION wanted by young man, taking care of horses, cows, or as general man; first-class references. Address WM. J. McCULLOUGH, Hollis st., Waltham, Mass.

WANTED by a young man of unquestionable character a good job, with moderate wages; plenty of references. B. B., 156 Lenox st., Boston.

WILLING YOUNG MAN, 23, wants work at anything. J. ROSSMAN, 64 Bowdoin st.

HELP WANTED—Male.

School for Watchmaking.

YOUNG MEN—There is a steady demand for good competent watchmakers and repairers; I will guarantee to teach anyone the watchmaker's trade. Write for circulars explaining particulars. H. KAUFMAN, 977 Washington st., Boston.

AT HOTEL AGENCY, 56 Summer st., room 2. Waiter, city, $30; billiard boy, $25; elevator, $30; general man for ice cream rooms; janitor, fireman's license. 56 Summer st.

AT TABER'S—Two order cooks; kitchen fireman. 48 Summer st.

A MAN of energy, ability and education to represent large N. Y. house; must be capable of earning $30 a week and not afraid to work for it. C. A. LIND, 294 Washington st.

A GOOD CANVASSER can make from $4 to $6 per day selling our specialty; no schemes. THE RUSS MFG. CO., 352 Atlantic av.

AT BOSTON COMMERCIAL REGISTRY—Do you wish a high-grade mercantile or clerical position? if so call on us, as we are receiving requests from mercantile houses for good parties. HOUGHTON & WARE, 364 Washington st.

ANY person to distribute our samples; $18 weekly, steady. "Empire," 4 Wells st., Chicago.

CIGAR SALESMAN WANTED, with or without experience; established trade; good pay. GOULD CIGAR CO., Cleveland, O.

JANITOR, fireman's license, must be a thoroughly experienced, competent man, married, $18 per week. MERCANTILE REFERENCE AND BOND ASSOCIATION, 56 Summer st., room 5.

EARN $10 weekly in spare time at home; everything furnished. IDEAL CO., 1267 B'way, N. Y.

SALESMAN with established trade in ledger outfits, loose leaves, binders, holders, etc. AMERICAN LOOSE LEAF MFG. CO., 320 Broadway, N. Y.

SALESMAN to represent N. Y. concern; doctors and druggists' prescription blanks; commission. W 8, Boston American.

WANTED—Experienced solicitors for collection agency; none others need apply. CAMBRIDGE MERCANTILE CO., 615 Mass. Ave.

WANTED—800 cotton mill help, 200 cotton weavers, 80 families to start new mill. Write CHARLES M. NEWTON, Woonsocket, R. I.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

AT TABER'S—Pastry cook, city rest.; 2 A1 waitresses together, commer. hotel; 2 pantry girls, south, at once; waitresses, family and commer. hotels. 48 Summer st.

A YOUNG colored woman wants cleaning by the day or hour or office work. P. DELAFIELD, suite 1, 31 Greenwich st., Boston.

COMPANION—Wanted, by refined American young woman, position as companion or housekeeper in a Christian Science home. Call or address Suite 1A, 18 Huntington av., Boston.

CAPABLE Nova Scotia girl, excellent cook, laundress; 3 years' references. 23A Blue Hill av.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

AT ASCENSION SOCIETY, 6 FERDINAND ST. NO CHARGES MADE TO EMPLOYERS.

GIRL, neat, smart; nice home; moderate wages; care of children if necessary; references.

COL. GIRL, light work, is good seamstress, would help generally; references.

COOK, light place, good home, small wages.

COOK, boarding house, strong, competent; references.

AT ASCENSION SOCIETY, 6 FERDINAND ST.
1. Cook, young, strong, competent, $4, references. 2. Second maid, competent, $4, references. 3. housekeeper, would care invalid, moderate wages, good references. 4. Woman, any work, by day or week.

COMPETENT colored girl wants general housework; private family; 45 Kendall st., Rox., suit. 2.

DAY WORK wanted by experienced woman. Apply MRS. T., 639 Tremont st.

EXPERIENCED young woman would like engagements with lady patients for massage, also facial and scalp treatment; would call at their homes. MISS YOUNG, 566 Columbus av., city.

HOUSEKEEPER position wanted by American widow, 40, in widower's family; state particulars, please. MRS. T. MASON, Sta. A, gen. del., Boston.

POSITION wanted by a capable, trustworthy Nova Scotia Protestant woman as housekeeper in a widower's family; used to children; reference given. H 12, American.

SEAMSTRESS, experienced, wants work, children's clothes and renovating a specialty; short hours, 9 to 5; small pay, $1 and car fare. MRS. H., carrier 910, Everett.

STENOGRAPHER desires permanent position. H 10, Boston American.

WANTED—Family washing by reliable woman; call or send. Mrs. H., 64 Northfield st., Roxbury.

WANTED by respectable middle-aged Prot. woman, situation in small family; general housework. 452 Shawmut av., Boston.

WANTED—Housekeeper's position by Prot. woman of 30; respectable parties. Address U 2, Boston American.

WOMAN, 35, wishes place in small plain family, in or near city; $2 per week; good home. H. V., Boston American.

YOUNG LADY wants position at general housework or cook in city, thoroughly experienced. L. M. H., 132 St. Botolph st., Back Bay, Boston.

YOUNG WOMAN would like washing or cleaning; good references. R 38, American.

HELP WANTED—Female.

AT ASCENSION SOCIETY, 6 FERDINAND ST.
1. Girl, light housework. 2. girl, care children and assist light work. 3. Nurses, some experience with sick. 4. General, competent, two, adults.

AT HOTEL AGENCY, 56 Summer st., room 2. Cook, out of town, $30; chamber, out of town; waitresses, city hotels; fancy ironers (public laundry), $40; shirt polisher, $40; kitchen, out of town, $15. 56 Summer st.

CHORUS GIRLS WANTED—Address U 3, Boston American.

COOK wanted, colored, good references. Call 1,880 Beacon st.

EARN $10 weekly in spare time at home; everything furnished. IDEAL CO., 1267 B'way, N. Y.

KITCHEN GIRL at once, family of two, wages $2.50. 6 Mount Vernon place.

LADIES—$25 thousand copying short letters home; material sent free everywhere; send stamped addressed envelope for copy of letter and particulars. EASTERN CO., 817 Reed bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.

LADY CORRESPONDENT wanted in every locality to send us names; 10 cents for each name, inclose stamps. J. S. CO., Box 3,706, Boston.

LADIES—Send dime for half dozen Japanese silver thimbles. W. S. HOWARD, Station A.

WANTED—Ladies for amateur burlesque; state full particulars. Address U 4, American.

Wanted—Ladies to study massage, electro-therapy; trial lesson free. E. TREFRY, 126 Berkeley st.

MATRIMONIAL.

HANDSOME WIDOW, worth $65,000, wants immediately able, industrious husband. Address AETNA, Oneonta Bldg., Chicago.

PROFESSIONAL MAN, generous and wealthy, desires without delay poor but honest wife. Address MR. CURTIS, 69 Clark st., Chicago, Ill.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IF YOU ARE IN TROUBLE consult us on law and domestic relations. Advice free. 43 Tremont st., room 314.

ADVICE free; divorces quickly, cheaply; everything confidential. AM. LAW ASSN., 7 Water st., Room 702.

PATENTS.

C. S. GOODING, M. E., 28 School, Boston—The only office designing machinery, soliciting patents, conducting patent suits; send for pamphlet; draftsmen supplied by day. Tel. M. 5146.

MEDICAL.

MRS. DR. ROBERTS' MONTHLY REMEDIES

have saved thousands of women from suicide; why should you despair or lose courage when relief is at hand? The best that Medical Science has known is yours and the benefits of my superior knowledge are freely given to any sufferer who may ask. My successes of the past 20 years have placed me upon the highest pinnacle of fame in the treatment of all female irregularities. Remember, you are absolutely safe and sure. I offer $5,000 for any case I fail to relieve in 24 hours. Remedies sent by mail if desired, $2. My licensed lying-in hospital is open for the reception of all confinement cases. Office 133 Tremont St. Hours 9-8, Sunday 1-5.

MRS. DR. ROBERTSON Office 144 Tremont St.

My monthly remedy is absolutely safe and sure. One trial will convince you. I guarantee to cure in 24 hours or money refunded. Confinements taken. Hours 9 to 7. Sundays 1 to 5.

DR. WINTHROP OFFICE
170 TREMONT ST. UP ONE FLIGHT HOURS 9-7. SUN. 12-2

Women treated for $10 during next ten days. Don't stop to write. Cut this ad. out and come to-day. Advice FREE. Lady assistants, genuine physicians. Private sanitarium.

Dr. & Mrs. Hale Office 165 Tremont St.

30 YEARS a specialist in female diseases; a cure guaranteed for $5; ladies, my medicine is absolutely sure; $5,000 for a failure; office or mail, $2; private home for those wishing our personal care; advice free; hrs. 10-7; Sun. 4-6.

DR. GORDON Office 532 Tremont st. Oldest established and most reliable specialist in women's disease; lowest prices. Hours 9-8. Sundays 11-3.

MRS. DR. ALYS OFFICE 544 TREMONT ST., Boston's leading LADY specialist in female diseases. Hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Sun. 1 to 5 p. m.

MRS. DR. WILLIAMS
Office 144 Tremont st. LADIES IN TROUBLE, I GUARANTEE YOUR CURE FOR $5

LYING-IN HOME
PRIVATE licensed home; ladies taken before and during confinement. Address P. O. Box 3,459.

MEDICAL.

Ladies, Don't

Waste time and money and ruin your health with pills, worthless drugs or operations. Get Old Dr. Jackson's monthly remedy. It has saved thousands of women from suicide. Don't fret or worry, but call at once. Absolutely safe and sure. $5,000 for a case we fail to relieve in 24 hours. At office, by mail, $2. Specialist for 60 years. There is positively no other place in Boston where you can get so quick, safe and easy relief as you can at this office. Advice free, lady assistant, private hospital, trained nurses, strict privacy, lowest rates. Hrs. 9-8, Sun. 1-5. Old Dr. Jackson's, 233 Tremont st., cor. Eliot. The oldest and most reliable specialist in N. E. No charge unless relieved.

Mrs. Dr. Ward Medical Co.
Office 218 Tremont St., Room 211. (UP ONE FLIGHT.)

Ladies, if you have any kind of trouble call and see Mrs. Ward, who has opened an office in Boston for the sale of her wonderful remedies, which have effected such marvelous cures in the Central and Western States. Private home, with every comfort, for those wishing to stay under her personal care. Lying-in Hospital connected. Consultations free. Advice reliable, and treatment absolutely safe and in all cases effective. Medicine by mail or at office, $2. All letters answered immediately. Hours 9 to 9; Sundays 11 to 2.

Mrs. Dr. AMES Office 165 Tremont St.

The old reliable specialist in female diseases. Ladies attended exclusively by ladies. A cure guaranteed or money refunded. Ladies $5. Private home for patients desiring our personal care. Advice free. Hrs. 9-7; Sun. 4-6.

Old Dr. Hall OFFICE 3 BEACON ST., near Parker House. Oldest established office. Regular physician; treatment safe and skilful; all letters truthfully answered. Hours 9-9. Sundays 10-2.

MRS. DR. J. E. BISHOP.
OFFICE, 178 TREMONT ST.
OLDEST and most reliable office for treatment of female diseases. Hours, 10-7.

Mrs. Dr. Allen Office 237 Tremont st. Specialist in female diseases; ladies $10, licensed lying-in hospital connected; advice free; hours, 9-9; Sundays, 1-4.

BOARD AND ROOMS.

BRING your rooms to BACK BAY ROOM REGISTRY, 55 St. Stephen st.; people waiting.

COMMON ST., 24, suite 2—New fur. sq. room, heat, bath, private family, $2.50 to respectable man.

LIGHT HOUSEKEEPING, 3 furnished rooms, let together or single; clean, respectable house, no children; rent reasonable. 83 East Brookline st.

STEAM HEATED, furnished rooms, all conveniences, warm and cosy, $2 weekly. 345 Shawmut av.

TO LET—595 Tremont st., connecting front and back parlors, side and square rooms, also attic with store, suitable for light housekeeping; h. and c. water; house always warm.

7 ASHBURTON PL., Cook's Hotel—Rooms, including meals, $1.25-$1.50 per day; choice table.

9 PELHAM ST.—To let, a square room; heat and gas; exchange part rent for work; married couple preferred.

69 CLARENDON ST.—Pleasant, sunny rooms, reasonable.

62 WEST NEWTON ST.—Square room, one flight, bathroom floor, $3.

144 BOWDOIN ST., opposite State House, formerly Bellevue—Suite of 2 rooms and bath; heated.

464 MASS. AV.—Clean, well kept rooms, respectable parties accommodated.

587 TREMONT ST.—Front alcove and rooms for light housekeeping; use laundry.

612 TREMONT ST.—Elegant large front square rooms, running water, closets, $2, 2.50 and $4.

692 TREMONT ST.—Nicely furnished, heated rooms, square and side rooms, for $1.

708 TREMONT ST.—Square and side rooms; large closets; tel. 1158-2 Tremont.

708 TREMONT ST.—Parlor, with piano, hot and cold water, closet; tel. 1158-2 Tremont.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Pocketbook containing 4 artificial teeth and money; finder may keep money. Return teeth to FINN'S, 14 Parmenter st. $5 reward.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

PURE WHISKEY, Gin and Old Rum — 100 proof, 80 cents, full quart. THOS. SNOW & SONS, 59 North Market st. Estab. nearly 100 years.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

Could You Go to the Klondike?

I WISH to communicate with young men that could accompany me next summer to the Klondike; I spent last summer there and own valuable interests; I can offer the opportunity of a lifetime to the right young men; they must furnish best of references, be physically robust and not afraid of labor, and have some money to invest. Address HIRAM VROOMAN, 5 Park sq.

A LIVE MAN WANTED for each State in the Union (except the six New England States, which have just been sold and a strong company formed) to organize State syndicates preliminary to forming State companies and industrial enterprises, based on three valuable and popular household inventions, all patented during the last six months. For particulars address or call upon ROBT. LAWRENCE, room 89, Journal Building, Boston, Mass.

KANSAS OIL ALREADY STRUCK. COMPANY organized; drilling; shares 2c., par value $1. Address ROCKY MOUNTAIN SECURITIES CO., Kansas City, Mo.

SPOT CASH PAID (privately) for stocks, stores, any kind, anywhere. ALLEN, 10 Tremont st.

DOGS, CATS, ETC.

$25.00 REWARD.

INFORMATION wanted of a Boston terrier bitch, lost or stolen in Chelsea in March, 1904; dark brindle body, all white head, cut ears, tight screw tail, one black nail on forepaw; answers to name Babbie; will reward any information. H 4, Boston American.

FOR SALE—Box terrier pups, 10 weeks old, finest bred in State; reasonable price. "JEWELER," 261 Water st., Augusta, Me.

REAL ESTATE.

FARMS, $1 down, $1 week; 10 acres; $100; good soil, plenty of wood. BARTLETT, 89 Court.

$150—Cape Cod farm, $1 weekly; good soil. HOMESTEAD TRUST, 800 Penn Mutual Bldg.

$5 MONTH buys good farm; good buildings; handy city. ALLEN, 10 Tremont st.

TYPEWRITERS.

SAVE MONEY—Good machines; write or call. TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE, 38 Bromfield st.

BANK OFFICERS SHOW FRIENDS "FILIBUSTER"

Dress Rehearsal of Production Is Given at the Tremont Theatre.

REMARKABLY SUCCESSFUL.

By Henry L. Merritt.

Just to think—that the rest of Boston will have to wait until Monday night for a chance to see "The Filibuster!"

There was a performance yesterday afternoon at the Tremont Theatre of the Bank Officers' show, but it was for the special benefit and convenience of the relatives and friends of those taking part in the annual outburst of the association. Their wives and their sisters and their cousins and their aunts were there, and perhaps some fathers and uncles, too, for there was a fair sprinkling of men in the audience. No tickets were sold, and you couldn't get in to see the show unless you had a friend at court.

It is not often one sees such an audience in a theatre, or anywhere else. Every seat was filled and every standing place was stood on. Even those eyrie-like upper boxes on a level with second balcony were crowded.

Audience Good; Applause Great.

It might as well be said now as any time that the bank officers have in "The Filibuster" another success on their hands. The music is genuinely pretty, and it is catchy, too. There are some things in "The Filibuster," which, by the way, the author calls a comedy opera satire, that you will hear whistled all over town before next week becomes translated into history. The book isn't up to the music, but it is better than many a libretto that has helped to spell success.

Here are some of the brightest things said:

"A concession is a permit to bunco and is encircled by a cinch."

"What is the best thing about the East Boston tunnel?" and the answer given is that "It gets Judge Emmons out of Boston in five minutes."

"Why is it that a widow can always get another husband?" "Perhaps it is because dead men tell no tales."

The comedy bravos get caught in crime and are arrested. One of them is clubbed by a soldier and howls: "What do you think I am—a Tech student?"

"There is only one thing that will pave the way to a friendly understanding better than a mint julep, and that is another one."

And speaking of mint juleps, this comedy opera satire might have been called "A Mint Julep" just about as appropriately as by the title actually selected. The characters call for mint juleps all through the play. They demand them in San Francisco, howl for them in Concarne and cry for them in San Diego. Whenever anyone is thirsty he calls for a mint julep. No one ever asks for champagne or a Scotch high ball or a gin fizz; it is [illegible]ays the Southerner's delight that is [illegible]ated. If they really want them, [illegible]ough, they had better hire a new mixer. [illegible] particularly noticed yesterday that no [illegible]e took more than one sip. Think of [illegible], just one sip of a mint julep. The glasses were brought on nice and green, and they were nice and green when they were carried off. Of course, mixing a julep is a fine art, and mixers of juleps worthy of the name are not thick as flies in Summer, but—perhaps, though, the actors of yesterday felt their responsibility. And if you haven't known, know it now that the julep is the most insidious of all the concoctions devised by man for the delectation and the confusion of the unwary.

First Scene in San Francisco.

The scene of the first act of "The Filibuster" is laid in San Francisco, on a wharf. All the characters who appear in this act turn up at an imaginary place in South America named Concarne, in the second act, on a filibustering expedition, and their numbers are swelled by the addition of several Concarneites, which may or may not be the right way of referring to them. The last act takes them back to California, where they assemble in the grounds of the Hotel del Coronado at San Diego, and where the virtuous are rewarded and where the guilty gnash their teeth to appropriate music.

The audience yesterday was reminded by a note at the foot of the program that the occasion at which it was present was simply a dress rehearsal. This was a sort of apology framed up to meet the possible contingency of things going wrong. But nothing went wrong. Everything was lovely, the presentation glided along smoothly, and there was no appologies to make for anyone or anything, except for the moon, which overslept and woke up with a jump. So there are no appologies to make, and the giving of "The Filibuster" may be called what it really was, a first performance.

Scenery and Costumes Good.

The production was really an unusually handsome one. The scenery was very effective, and the costumes were gorgeous and so numerous that principals and chorus must have spent most of their time off the stage in changing their clothes.

Having, by easy stages, now reached the point where it is customary to speak of the cast, I will confess that I am up against it. There are twenty-three characters, by actual count, in the list on the program, and they all appeared yesterday in the full courage of their convictions and they all "done noble." Frank B. Lawler, as General Bustamente, etc., a professional revolutionist; Walter Glidden and Harry C. Johnson, as the comedy bravos, and Robert A. Perkins, as an old gunner, had the bulk of the comedy work, and they all did very well indeed. The bravos came on whenever there was any excuse, and frequently without any at all.

Ralph W. Cushman, as Hetty, and Henry D. Gardner, as Dolly Dashington, had the principal female roles. They were very attractive, and cleverly suggested the characteristics of the gentler sex without going to the extremes which make you want to throw things at the average female impersonator. They made no attempt to disguise the masculine quality in their voices. Charles W. Cole had the principal male singing part, and the other important roles were in the hands of Edwin S. Drowne, F. Everett Winslow, Stephen A. White, Charles C. Dasey, who deserves a bit of praise all by himself, and J. J. Dooley.

I want to say once more that the music of "The Filibuster" is very pretty, so pretty that there have been few professional shows the past year that come near it in this quality. As many of you as the theatre will hold will have a chance to see and hear it next week, and you are hereby advised to improve the chance.

KATY SPOILS A PROPOSAL.

Full account of the latest exploit of Sweet Little Katy and her chum in the great comic section of next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

PRETTY GIRLS IN TABLEAUX AT OLD ST. MARY'S REUNION

GIRLS IN TO-NIGHT'S TABLEAUX AT "OLD ST. MARY'S" PARISH FETE

Old and Young of North End Parish Eager for This Evening's Fete.

The old and young of St. Mary's parish will celebrate to-day as the reunion day of "Old St. Mary's" at the North End, as the church is affectionately called by its members. Rev. Father Joseph T. Gorman, the parish priest, will be present at the reunion in St. Mary's Parochial School Hall and members of the clergy from other parishes will also attend.

An entertainment consisting of a series of tableaux, singing by a quartet composed of M. Finn, tenor; Thomas Dundon, bass; Miss Claramond Thompson, contralto; and Miss Grace Gibbons, soprano, and selections by Ruan's orchestra will be given in the school hall. Following the entertainment there will be a banquet, after which dancing will take place in the gymnasium and in the school hall until 2 a. m.

The tableaux will represent the four seasons of the year. The first will be "Spring" and the "Flowers of St. Patrick," in which Misses Mary Baker, Kittie Baker, Helen Brant, Kittie Brock, Alice Cadigan, Helen Canney, Mary Condon, Mamie Daly, Ella Dundon, Grace Dundon, Gertrude Gallagher, Grace Garrity, Monie McGahey, Victoria Micklevict and Anna White. Miss Mary Cunningham will represent "Erin."

"Summer" will be represented by Miss Marjorie Gilbride. The following young ladies will appear as "June Roses:" Alice Andreola, Mary Baker, K. Brennan, N. Brennan, Minnie Carey, Mary Casey, M. Doherty, Mary Farron, Grace Gibbons, Christin Mahan, Mary McGaffingan, A. Moore, Nora Sweeney, Claramond Thompson, Belle Winn and Elizabeth Winn.

"Rose Buds": Misses Elizabeth Doherty, Mary Noonan, Sadie Smith and Blanche Yetcawich.

"Fireflies and Chrysanthemums": Misses M. Clarke, Florence Collins, Minnie Coughlan, Mary Cunningham, Mattie Fitzgerald, Helen Gibbons, Nellie McElaney, Mollie McGahey, Katherine McGee, Annie O'Donnell and Nellie O'Donnell.

In depicting "Winter" there will be a number of "snowflakes" as represented by Miss Florence Barry, Anna Canny, Nellie Collins, Celia Farrow, Sarah Gorman, K. O'Donnell, Ellen Sexton, M. Sexton and Emma Wortelboer.

Other features will be "The Haymakers," by Joe Bench, John Bench, James Casaletto, George Doherty, Frank McGonagle, N. McLeod and William Winn. The "Hay Cocks" are J. P. Riley, Dennis Murray.

"Indian Summer Days" will be represented by Miss Anna Anderson, Margaret Anderson, Elizabeth Brock, Anna Clancy, Grace Collins, Nellie Costello, Molly Kelly,

Entertainment and Spread to Be Followed by Dance in Parish Hall.

Minnie Krupp, Louise Leary, Belle McElleney, Elizabeth O'Donnell, Margaret Porter.

Miss Mary Doherty will be the accompanist. Others who will take part will include Miss Mamie F. Gill, Miss Frances M. Lafferty, Miss Anne White, Miss Annie Nu... Lafferty, Miss Annie Nugent, Miss A. N. Fitzgerald and Miss Annie T. Hilliea.

☞ **Mrs. Linda Hull Larned writes on the etiquette of household service for next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.**

TAFT BOOMED FOR PRESIDENT IN 1908

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Feb. 3.—At a secret meeting of Republicans in this city a few days ago, a boom was started in behalf of Secretary of War Taft for the Presidency in 1908. The plan is to organize clubs, even at this early stage, in every city and town, to be known as Taft clubs.

CUTICURA SOAP

The World's Greatest Skin Soap.

The World's Sweetest Toilet Soap.

Sale Greater than the World's Product of Other Skin Soaps

Sold Wherever Civilization Has Penetrated.

Millions of the world's best people use Cuticura Soap, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, the great skin cure, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, for annoying irritations, or too free or offensive perspiration, for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women, especially mothers, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery.

Cuticura Soap combines delicate emollient properties derived from Cuticura, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odours. No other medicated soap ever compounded is to be compared with it for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, scalp, hair, and hands. No other foreign or domestic toilet soap, however expensive, is to be compared with it for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. Thus it combines in one soap at one price the most effective skin and complexion soap, and the purest and sweetest toilet, bath, and nursery soap.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60), Ointment, 50c., Soap, 25c. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props. [illegible] "How to Cure Every Humour."

Tired, Nervous Mothers

Make Unhappy Homes—Their Condition Irritates Both Husband and Children—How Thousands of Mothers Have Been Saved From Nervous Prostration and Made Strong and Well.

Mrs. Chester Curry

Mrs. Chas. F. Brown

A nervous, irritable mother, often on the verge of hysterics, is unfit to care for children; it ruins a child's disposition and reacts upon herself. The trouble between children and their mothers too often is due to the fact that the mother has some female weakness, and she is entirely unfit to bear the strain upon her nerves that governing children involves; it is impossible for her to do anything calmly.

The ills of women act like a firebrand upon the nerves, consequently nine-tenths of the nervous prostration, nervous despondency, "the blues," sleeplessness and nervous irritability of women arise from some derangement of the female organism.

Do you experience fits of depression with restlessness, alternating with extreme irritability? Are your spirits easily affected, so that one minute you laugh, and the next minute you feel like crying?

Do you feel something like a ball rising in your throat and threatening to choke you; all the senses perverted, morbidly sensitive to light and sound; pain in the ovaries, and especially between the shoulders; bearing down pains; nervous dyspepsia, and almost continually cross and snappy?

If so, your nerves are in a shattered condition, and you are threatened with nervous prostration.

Proof is monumental that nothing in the world is better for nervous prostration than Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; thousands and thousands of women testify to this fact.

Mrs. Chester Curry, Leader of the Ladies' Symphony Orchestra, 42 Saratoga Street, Boston, Mass., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"For eight years I was troubled with extreme nervousness and hysteria, brought on by irregularities. I could neither enjoy life nor sleep nights; I was very irritable, nervous and despondent.

"Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended and proved to be the only remedy that helped me. I have daily improved in health until I am now strong and well, and all nervousness has disappeared."

Mrs. Charles F. Brown, Vice-President of the Mothers' Club, 21 Cedar Terrace, Hot Springs, Ark., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I dragged through nine years of miserable existence, worn out with pain and nervousness, until it seemed as though I should fly. I then noticed a statement of a woman troubled as I was, and the wonderful results she derived from Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I decided to try it. I did so, and at the end of three months I was a different woman. My nervousness was all gone, I was no longer irritable, and my husband fell in love with me all over again."

Women should remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the medicine that holds the record for the greatest number of actual cures of female ills, and take no substitute.

Free Advice to Women.

Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write to her for advice. Mrs. Pinkham's vast experience with female troubles enables her to tell you just what is best for you, and she will charge you nothing for her advice.

Ask Mrs. Pinkham's Advice—A Woman Best Understands a Woman's Ills.

CONDEMN PLOT TO STEAL FROM HEARST BILL

Fair-Minded Men Among House Democrats Denounce Williams Faction.

DEBATE TO BEGIN MONDAY.

By Boston American Leased Wire.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—Exposed in their attempt to smuggle into the inadequate Davey bill some features of the Hearst bill which Messrs. Lamar and Shackleford reported, the Williams contingent have made a second public effort to amend their bill in their report.

Mr. Richardson, of Alabama, when he found it was known that at the government printing office "the forms were being kept open" for the proposed changes, has asked unanimous consent to make the additions.

The Williams following now has made three attempts to purloin features from the bill which Lamar and Shackleford reported, with the obvious intention of putting these gentlemen and the other Democrats they represent in a false position.

Fair-Minded Men Revolt.

Fair-minded men are in revolt over the whole wretched business. They call attention to the following facts:

First. That the Davey bill was hastily gotten together and forced upon some of the minority before the hearings of the House Committee on Interstate and Foreign Commerce had been concluded.

Second. That this indecent haste was emphasized by the fact that on the day after Mr. Williams had cajoled some of the minority members of the committee to stand for the bill Mr. Hearst appeared before the committee to explain the bill of ten months ago.

Third. That the caucus through which the Williams-Davey bill was "jammed" was originally called for the purpose of receiving Mr. Williams's resignation as "leader" of the minority.

Fourth—That Mr. Williams, after denying to some members on the day of the caucus that the freight rate bill was to be considered, suddenly sprang it upon the Democrats, who, busy with other matters, were totally unprepared and know nothing of the merits of the various pending bills.

Fifth. That the Davey bill was amended after it left the caucus without proper authorization.

Sixth. That as the Democrats have before them a really comprehensive measure from which the Republicans have derived all their inspirations, that should be the minority measure in the interest of Democratic success in the future, because the Republican measure, like the Davey measure, is totally inadequate.

Republican Caucus To-day.

The Republicans hold a caucus this afternoon. The two days' debate on the matter is expected to begin on Monday.

"President Tuttle of the Boston & Maine railroad is to be the star witness before the Senate committee on interstate and foreign commerce, and he will endeavor to show that there can be no legislation that will not disturb values all over the country."

This statement was made to-day by one competent to speak for the Republican majority of the Senate committee. The further statement was made that President Tuttle is a "terror," whom Senators and Representatives from New England fear. "You know," said this speaker, "that Mr. Chandler lost his place in the Senate because he undertook to regulate the railroads in New Hampshire, which are controlled by Tuttle."

FIREMAN IS CRUSHED BY FALLING CHIMNEY

Hoseman James S. Galvin Seriously Injured at East Boston Fire.

JAMES S. GALVIN, INJURED FIREMAN.

A falling brick chimney at a fire in the one and a half story wooden building at No. 347 Chelsea street, East Boston, to-day, struck Hoseman James S. Galvin, of engine 11, and he received severe internal injuries. Galvin was removed to his home, No. 328 Saratoga street, and is in a serious condition.

The fire was in the house occupied by James O'Connell and his wife, an old couple, and about $1,000 damage was done. O'Connell and his wife were asleep in the house when the fire was discovered by a passerby, but got out safely.

The old man is the oldest boatman in Boston, having served on the Kearsarge, and in the attic of the house is stored the old Kearsarge flag. He wanted to get the flag, but was prevented from going back into the burning house by several firemen. The flag, however, was not burned.

Galvin had climbed to the roof of the house on a ladder, carrying a hose, to reach the blaze more advantageously from the top of the building. The chimney fell just as he got on to the roof, and he was struck by a shower of bricks.

The hoseman was thrown to the edge of the roof, and held on until he was rescued by other firemen from his dangerous position. He is under a doctor's care at his home.

MUSTN'T SET POLES IN POND

The Old Colony Street Railway Company must refrain from setting up its poles in Watuppa Pond, Fall River, till after next Wednesday, at least. An injunction to this effect has been issued by Judge Hardy in the Suffolk Superior Court.

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The Under Price Department Store

Always Open Saturday Evenings Until 10 O'Clock.

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OUR MONEY-SAVING DISCOUNT BOOK SYSTEM

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More Mark Downs

... THIS TIME ...

MEN'S FINE HAND TAILORED OVERCOATS

Formerly Priced at $15.85, $17.97, $19.97

NOW REDUCED TO 10.95

The coats were made by W. S. Peck & Co., Syracuse, whose name is a guarantee of the finest workmanship. The materials are highest grade Vicunas, Friezes and Kerseys, many of them satin lined throughout, 44-inch length, with broad concave shoulders, close fitting collar and cut very full; twice the money wouldn't duplicate them at the opening of the season.

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57-63 Franklin St., Boston.

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

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NEW ENGLAND NEWSPAPER PUBLISHING CO.

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Will Positively Cure

Kidney and Liver Diseases, Rheumatism, Sick Headache, Erysipelas, Scrofula, Catarrh, Indigestion, Neuralgia, Nervousness, Dyspepsia, Constipation. 13,500,000 people were treated in 1904. 25c. All druggists.

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—IN THE—
BOSTON AMERICAN

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"Having taken your wonderful "Cascarets" for three months and being entirely cured of stomach catarrh and dyspepsia, I think a word of praise is due to "Cascarets" for their wonderful composition. I have taken numerous other so-called remedies but without avail and I find that Cascarets relieve more in a day than all the others I have taken would in a year."
James McGune, 108 Mercer St., Jersey City, N. J.

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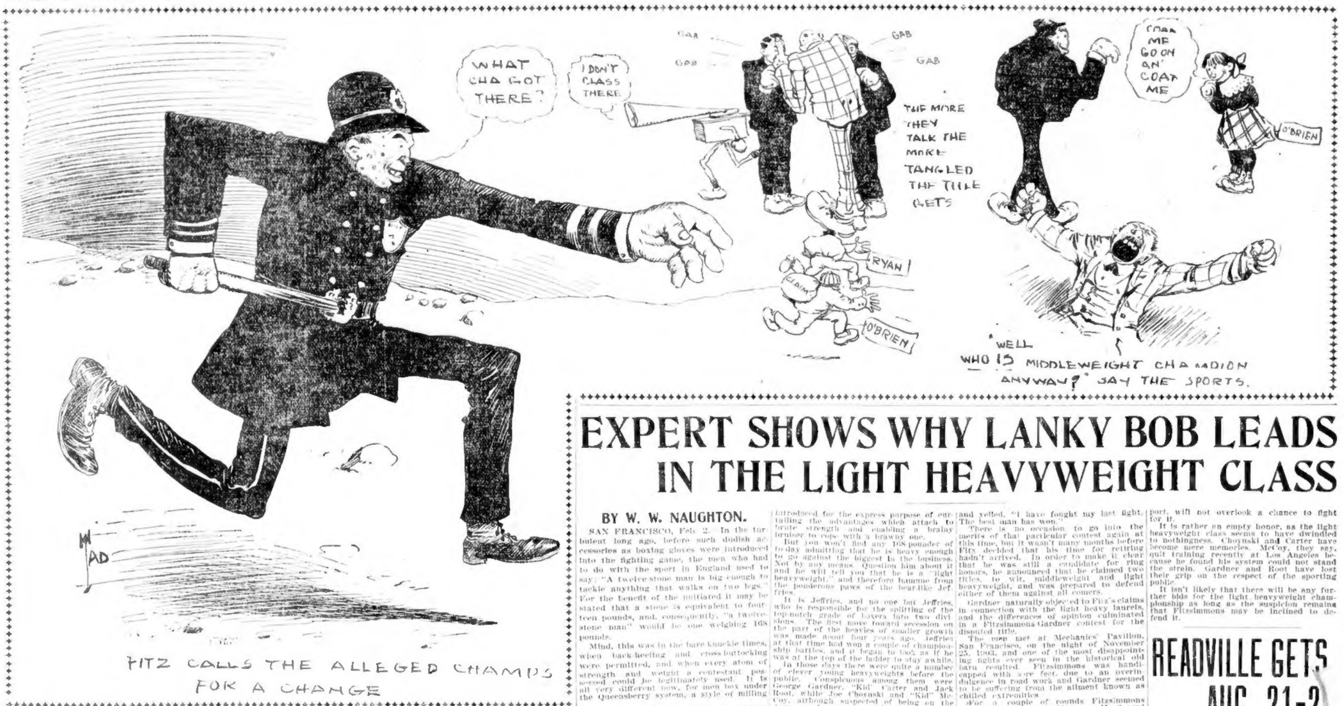
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good, Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.
Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 598
ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES.

WHOLE WORLD OF SPORTS COVERED FOR THE BOSTON AMERICAN BY ITS CORPS OF EXPERTS

TAD'S IDEA OF HOW LANKY BOB FITZSIMMONS'S SUDDEN CALL HAS GIVEN THE "CHAMPS" A JOLT


WHAT CHA GOT THERE?
I DON'T CLASS THERE
GAB
GAB
GAB
GAB
THE MORE THEY TALK THE MORE TANGLED THE TITLE GETS
COAX ME GO ON AN' COAX ME
O'BRIEN
RYAN
CAHN
O'BRIEN
"WELL WHO IS MIDDLEWEIGHT CHAMPION ANYWAY?" SAY THE SPORTS.
TAD

FITZ CALLS THE ALLEGED CHAMPS FOR A CHANGE

EXPERT SHOWS WHY LANKY BOB LEADS IN THE LIGHT HEAVYWEIGHT CLASS

BY W. W. NAUGHTON.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 2.—In the turbulent long ago, before such dudish accessories as boxing gloves were introduced into the fighting game, the men who had to do with the sport in England used to say: "A twelve-stone man is big enough to tackle anything that walks on two legs." For the benefit of the uninitiated it may be stated that a stone is equivalent to fourteen pounds, and, consequently, "a twelve-stone man" would be one weighing 168 pounds.

Mind, this was in the bare knuckle times, when back-heeling and cross-buttocking were permitted, and when every atom of strength and weight a contestant possessed could be legitimately used. It is all very different now, for men box under the Queensberry system, a style of milling introduced for the express purpose of curtailing the advantages which attach to brute strength and enabling a brainy bruiser to cope with a brawny one.

But you won't find any 168-pounder of to-day admitting that he is heavy enough to go against the biggest in the business. Not by any means. Question him about it and he will tell you that he is a "light heavyweight," and therefore immune from the ponderous paws of the bear-like Jeffries.

It is Jeffries, and no one but Jeffries, who is responsible for the splitting of the top-notch grade of boxers into two divisions. The first move toward secession on the part of the heavies of smaller growth was made about four years ago. Jeffries at that time had won a couple of championship battles, and it began to look as if he was at the top of the ladder to stay awhile.

In those days there were quite a number of clever young heavyweights before the public. Conspicuous among them were George Gardner, "Kid" Carter and Jack Root, while Joe Choynski and "Kid" McCoy, although suspected of being on the down grade, were considered eligible for the new class. There were others, too, no doubt. Jack O'Brien, of Philadelphia, was regarded as a light heavy and a capable one, too, but Jack spent most of his time across the water in those years, being compelled to make yearly trips to uphold his dignity as "champion of England."

After much fighting among the men of the new class, it began to develop that George Gardner was the best of the lot. He defeated Carter and Root, and as McCoy and Choynski had been forced out of the running, Gardner came to be regarded as the world's premier light heavyweight.

Matters were in this shape when the old war horse, Bob Fitzsimmons, evinced a desire to return to the ring. It was in July, 1902, that Fitzsimmons, after his defeat, in eight rounds, by Jim Jeffries in this city, tossed his gloves out among the spectators and yelled, "I have fought my last fight. The best man has won."

There is no occasion to go into the merits of that particular contest again at this time, but it wasn't many months before Fitz decided that his time for retiring hadn't arrived. In order to make it clear that he was still a candidate for ring honors, he announced that he claimed two titles, to wit, middleweight and light heavyweight, and was prepared to defend either of them against all comers.

Gardner naturally objected to Fitz's claims in connection with the light heavy laurels, and the differences of opinion culminated in a Fitzsimmons-Gardner contest for the disputed title.

The men met at Mechanics' Pavilion, San Francisco, on the night of November 25, 1903, and one of the most disappointing fights ever seen in the historical old barn resulted. Fitzsimmons was handicapped with sore feet, due to an overindulgence in road work and Gardner seemed to be suffering from the ailment known as chilled extremities.

For a couple of rounds Fitzsimmons showed flashes of his old form. He floored Gardner, but did not follow up the advantages he gained. He stepped around and boxed in a stiff, stilted way and seemed to be but the wraith of the Fighting Fitzsimmons of other years.

Gardner behaved like a fellow seized with terror. Under constant urging from his corner, he would move toward Fitzsimmons in an apologetic way and would hastily retreat whenever Fitzsimmons gave a wrench of his big shoulders or a wave of his thick, freckled arms. Fitz, though powerless to punish his cringing adversary, managed to gain the good graces of the referee, and at the end of twenty rounds Graney announced: "Fitzsimmons wins, and it's the poorest fight I ever witnessed."

That was how Fitzsimmons became light heavyweight champion of the world. He still wears the crown, and, according to report, will not overlook a chance to fight for it.

It is rather an empty honor, as the light heavyweight class seems to have dwindled to nothingness. Choynski and Carter have become mere memories. McCoy, they say, quit training recently at Los Angeles because he found his system could not stand the strain. Gardner and Root have lost their grip on the respect of the sporting public.

It isn't likely that there will be any further bids for the light heavyweight championship as long as the suspicion remains that Fitzsimmons may be inclined to defend it.

READVILLE GETS AUG. 21-2

NEW YORK, Feb. 3.—At a meeting of the stewards of the Grand Circuit, the following schedule was chosen, which includes dates for the Cleveland track:

Detroit, July 24-29; Cleveland, July 31, August 5; Buffalo, August 7-12; Empire City, August 14-19; Readville, August 21-26; Providence, August 28, September 2; Hartford, September 4-9; Syracuse, September 11-16; Columbus, September 18-23; Cincinnati, September 25-30, and Memphis, October 16-28 (two weeks).

LEAGUE MAY DISBAND.

It is not likely that there will be any games played in the Preparatory Basket Ball League this Winter, as Newton High's basket ball team has disbanded. The only other two teams represented in the proposed league are Brookline High and Cambridge Latin, and these teams will very probably split up the league dates.

FRANK GOTCH WINS MATCH OVER JENKINS

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 3.—Before one of the largest audiences that ever witnessed a wrestling match in Cleveland, Frank Gotch, of Humboldt, Ia., demonstrated his claim to the wrestling championship, defeating Tom Jenkins in two out of three falls. It was a wonderful match, and the most grueling ever seen in the Forest City. Gotch is to-day without doubt in a class all by himself. The championship has gone to a man who can defend it.

Not only did Gotch win the match after Jenkins had gained the first fall in twenty-eight minutes, but he also showed his wonderful form by throwing the former champion in just forty-eight seconds. Not another such man has ever been able to turn such a trick on the former champion, not even the terrible Turk.

GOODMAN BOXES IN PORTLAND TONIGHT

Kid Goodman is in prime shape for his bout with Johnny Burdick at Portland to-night, and if the Pittsfield boy stays the limit of fifteen rounds he will be entitled to plenty of consideration.

It will be a good bout all the way through, and the Portland fans will witness a rugged exhibition.

* * *

Salem sports are sure to see one of the finest bouts ever held in that city when Kid Goodman and Eddie Lenny of Philadelphia come together at the Apollo Club on Monday night. Lenny has given the Kid his hardest battles, and he knows that he is up against tough game. As the bout will be called at 9 o'clock, out of town members will have a chance to get transit home. A strong "prelim" has been arranged between Tommy English of Cambridge and Johnny Powers of South Boston.

* * *

Manager Bell of the Unity Club of Lawrence has been compelled to cancel the bout between Mattie Baldwin and Young Kenney that was scheduled for to-night, as Young Kenney was taken sick. The bout will be postponed to Feb. 10.

* * *

Kid Barrish says that before Young Schindler goes round looking for any more game that he had better look him up, as he wants a chance to show his paces. He claims a draw with Schindler at Gloucester and gave away a lot of weight, and that match has got to be settled.

* * *

Down at the Charlesbank Gym these days there is a whole colony of scrappers getting into condition, as they find it an ideal place to train because of the facilities.

* * *

Theodore Ward will meet any 130-pound boy in New England and prefers young Kid McCoy. He says that he has victories over Young Callahan and Young Walcott of Baltimore and many others.

* * *

Young Chisholm of Everett is searching about for some 110-112-pound boy in New England who would match up with him.

30 MEN OUT FOR THE HOLY CROSS NINE

Special to the Boston American.

WORCESTER, Feb. 3.—Tom McCarthy took charge of the Holy Cross baseball candidates to-day and lost no time in setting the boys to work. First he told what was required and the way to go about it, and then sent the squad into the gymnasium.

The coach will personally direct the work for two afternoons each week, while Manager Campbell will see to the exercise in the gymnasium and cross-country walks, which will take up four evenings after class.

About thirty men responded to the manager's call. In the number are members of last year's varsity, second and class teams, together with much freshman material.

Of last season's team are left Captain Spring, Flynn, Ennis, Cashen, Hoey, Mansfield and O'Rourke. Two outfield and three infield vacancies and a demand for better pitching material show that the coach has no easy work cut out for him. Among the students is expressed the confidence that McCarthy will have as good a team as ever.

☞ **How it feels to be a servant is what a society girl learned by personal experience. Her story is given in an illustrated page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.**

SESSIONS NOW A REAL CHAMP

President Taylor, of the Boston Americans, has received the signed contract of Perry Sessions, the St. Paul pitcher. It was reported last week that Sessions would not sign as he was dissatisfied with the inducements offered, but this evidently was untrue.

PASSING EVENTS IN THE WORLD OF SPORT

BY A. H. C. MITCHELL.

I think my confreres of the morning press did not dwell enough on the changed appearance of Charley Farrell, the Brobdingnagian catcher of the Boston Americans. Those who saw the big fellow at baseball headquarters when he signed a contract for next season did not recognize him. The aldermanic proportions of the Duke's bread basket have shrunk to the sylph-like lines of a coryphee—or thereabouts. Imagine the shoulders of Jeffries and the waist measurements of Criger.

Farrell has taken off a matter of thirty-five pounds, and all from the region of his belt. How? Dieting, he says. No running ten miles a day, no Turkish baths, no Kissingen and vichy, and no recourse to the physical culture gents. If dieting has done this alone the Duke will be a man of iron when the time comes for him to buckle on the armor and slip on the mask, for a couple of weeks of Spring training ought to do the business.

Except McGuire, of the New York Americans, Farrell is the oldest catcher in the business. He has seen many famous ball players come and go, and his many friends will be glad to know that there is a fine chance of him seeing more wonders cross the baseball sky.

No man playing ball to-day is a better coach for young players. Down South next Spring, he will take Young McGovern in hand and teach him many things the New England League couldn't tell him. And he will coach the young pitchers Manager Collins has gathered from the four quarters of the globe as no one else in baseball can coach them. Long life to the Duke.

* * *

Does Frank Robison hope to confine the Taylor inquiry to the charges that he "threw" a game at Pittsburg last Summer? Not if the National Commission sits in Chicago and Comiskey knows it? The "Old Roman" will be on hand and Hart, who made the original charges against Taylor—that the pitcher "threw" games to the White Sox in the Chicago American-National Club series—will find it hard to dodge the issue. And President Johnson, doubtless, will not be backward in insisting that the Hart, as well as the Pittsburg matter be thoroughly threshed out.

BOWLERS MAY SOON FORM A BIG COMBINE

There is a rumor going the rounds that next season will find the City League and the Greater Boston League all one. A movement for consolidation is said to be under way, which will mean that a number of alleys will be thrown out, on account of their not being regulation in every manner.

As yet, however, nothing definite has been done, but in a number of places the writer has been tipped off that some movement of this sort is hanging fire. It is known for a fact that in both the Greater Boston and City Leagues one or more alleys in each organization does not meet the requirements of the bylaws pertaining to regulation. In case this new scheme should go through, one of the strongest leagues ever organized would be in existence, and it undoubtedly would prove to be one of the wisest moves ever made in Boston bowling circles. "Shysters" would have no look in at all, and that is what everybody is looking for.

SMALL TALK FOR BASEBALL FANS

At a meeting of the triumvirs of the Boston National team, Billy Rogers was chosen business manager of the team for this season, and he will assume charge of his duties immediately.

It was expected that the directors of the club would select Mr. Rogers, as he has considerable experience in the position he is to hold, and besides it would have been impossible for the magnates to secure a better man to fill the place.

It is now probable that Captain Fred Tenney will act as playing manager, and in so doing make a new change in the running of the team, as such a thing as a player-manager has not existed since the days of John Morrill, who back in '88 was captain, business and playing manager all in one, and covered himself with glory in filling all the positions.

Then came Jim Hart, Frank Selee and Al Buckenberger, who have sat on the bench and directed the team on the field. But now there will be nobody without a uniform warming the settee, and Captain Tenney will be occupying the same position that Jimmy Collins does with the Boston Americans.

* * *

Business Manager Rogers of the local National team says that the players will meet in Washington on March 18 and then proceed to Charleston. On the return trip North a stop will be made at Washington to play the American League team on April 8 and 10. Then comes Baltimore on April 11 and Newark of the Eastern League on April 12 and 13, leaving but one day before the opening of the regular season, as it is expected that the Nationals will begin the season with the Giants in New York on April 14 and then come on to Boston for Patriots' Day, April 19.

* * *

Secretary E. S. Barnard of Cleveland received the first signed contract of the season, that of Ernest Vinson, the young man who was secured from Providence last Summer. When Vinson joined the team he was placed in the sunny left field right from the start. He had no scruples against the sun field and made good right from the start.

Notes of the Bowling Game

BY TEN STRIKE.

Eddie Meere, the clerk bowler at the Rexford alleys, may be practically a new man at the game, but the little fellow is as good as they make 'em on his own boards.

* * *

"Southpaw" Jim Potter, alias "War Horse," has a peculiar way of drawing his elbow into his ribs when he delivers the sphere.

* * *

Whenever George Crowell has the least bit of luck those cute Rexford fellows "beller" out "Lucky George."

* * *

By scoring 116 in his final string, Eddie Meere won the weekly roll-off at the Rexford Hotel alleys, securing a total of 308 for three strings. Cap Cochrane was second with 293, Brill third with 287, Gorham fourth with 285.

* * *

The McCarthy Regulars won the dollies offered by Pepper Mac at the Washington street alleys, by scoring two out of three games. In the last string, however, the losers totalled up 490, the best team string of the evening. Hannan was the star of the match, with a single string of 118 and a three-string total of 307.

* * *

Some exciting times should prevail in the Greater Boston League matches to-night. The rooters promise to be out in great force at all of the alleys.

* * *

Carter, Rice & Co. lose a good man in George Blake, who has decided to give up the game on account of business reasons. Blake is considered one of the strongest rollers in the Paper Trade League.

* * *

"Babe" Finneran has been doing some exceedingly "tall" rolling at Tom McCarthy's alleys of late. He totalled up 380 as follows: 133, 128, 119. "Babe" has a wicked cross-alley ball, and at the present time he is handling it to perfection.

* * *

Wallis Nickerson has at last struck his true gait. During the past two weeks he has been rolling at an average very close to the hundred mark. In a match with a friend at the Summer street alleys he ran up 352 in three strings as follows: 120, 122, 110.

DR. HERRICK CURES MEN

My Guarantee Is: "Not a Dollar Need Be Paid Until Cured."

Varicocele. I cure this disease without operation, and under my treatment the congested condition soon disappears, the parts are restored to their natural condition, vigor and strength and healthy circulation are re-established.

Stricture. I cure stricture without the knife or instrument by an application which acts directly on the parts affected, dissolving the stricture completely by my galvanic-electrical and medical treatment. My treatment is painless and in nowise interferes with your business duties.

Loss of Manly Vigor. You may be lacking in the power of vitality. If so, I will restore to you the snap, vim and vigor of vitality, the loss of which may be the result of indiscretion, excesses and unnatural weakness.

Contagious Blood Poison It may be in its primary stage, it may have been hereditary or contracted in early days. I stop its progress, eradicate every vestige of poison from the system, and this without the use of mercury or potash.

Private Diseases. Newly contracted cases cured. All burning and itching, inflammation and unnatural weakness stopped in 24 hours, cures effected in 7 days.

Chronic Disorders of Men Cured I successfully treat all UNNATURAL WEAKNESSES, LOSSES, DRAINS, affected parts, NERVOUS DEBILITY, PILES, FISTULA, HYDROCELE, RUPTURE, ECZEMA, BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, KIDNEY, BLADDER AND PROSTATIC DISEASES.

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Consultation Free.

Hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m.; Sundays 10 to 1 only.

DR. HERRICK MEDICAL CO. 37 Tremont St. Boston, Mass.

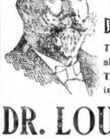
MEN IF DISEASED OR IN TROUBLE, CALL ON ME AT ONCE. MY GUARANTEE FOR A PERFECT CURE IS, PAY ME WHEN CURED, YOU TO BE THE JUDGE. I never fail to cure to stay cured any man whose case I accept for treatment. For this reason I have the largest practice and make more cures than any specialist in Boston. FIRST I CURE YOU, THEN YOU PAY ME.

NO CHARGE FOR MEDICINES

I take every case on this condition, and I give a written, binding guarantee to cure to stay cured all diseases of men by **DR. COLLINS'** New and Marvellous Method. ☞ *Graduate of the Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons, England, also Kings and Queens College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ireland; surgeon superintendent New Zealand government emigration; consulting physician Surgical and Medical Institute, Ill.; graduate Harvard Medical University; 25 years a specialist in all Diseases and Weaknesses of Men.* I cure to stay cured **Varicocele, Stricture, Blood Poison, Loss of Manly Vigor, Errors of Youth, Drains or Discharges of all Kinds, Gonorrhea, Gleet and all private Genito-Urinary diseases of men.** No detention from business in any case. No surgery, no pain, no nasty drugs. **I especially invite men to see me who have been disappointed of cure elsewhere.** I never disappoint my patients. I keep all my promises. ☞ Don't say you don't believe what I say in this advertisement, but call or write and let me convince you. I have the experience and the only remedies that cure men to stay cured for life. **Remember, you need not pay one dollar until cured.**

Office Hours 9 to 9. Sundays 10 to 4. DR. COLLINS **Medical Inst 11 Berwick Park.**

Near Hotel Plaza, off Columbus av., Boston, Mass. (All Columbus av. cars stop at Berwick Park.)



Men Are you satisfied with your present physician.

If not—Consult

DR. LOUGEST

The Most Reliable and Only True Specialist in Boston.

DR. LOUGEST

Cures Varicocele, Hydrocele and Stricture without an operation, and stops unnatural discharges within three days

Lost Manhood, seminal weakness, effects of youthful indiscretions, nervous debility, pimples and blotches, hair falling out, loss of memory and energy, impotence, rheumatic pains, discharges and all **private diseases** quickly and permanently cured by an original and never failing treatment. **Blood poison, ulcers, stricture, varicocele** and diseases of the **kidneys, bladder** and **blood** cured in the shortest possible time without the use of mercury or hindrance from business.

Consultation Free

either by mail or at **Dr. Lougest's** office, also a free examination, if needed, with the X-Ray light. If unable to call, write for **Dr. Lougest's** Book, "Diseases and Weaknesses of Men." It is the only recognized authority upon diseases and weaknesses of men.

Hours 9 A. M. to 9 P. M., Sundays included.
Remember the number, 313 Columbus ave.
I am the only specialist in Boston who furnishes medicines free to patients.

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COLUMBUS AVENUE
BOSTON, MASS
Near Back Bay Station.

TRADE MARK
BIG G
CURES MEN & WOMEN
Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless. Non-poisonous. Prevents contagion.
SOLD BY CHEMISTS,
or in plain wrapper, express prepaid, on receipt of $1.00, or three bottles, $2.75.
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PRICE $1.00

THREE MEN OF INFLUENCE IN SHAPING STATE LEGISLATION

REP. A. D. NORCROSS THE MARK TWAIN OF THE HOUSE

REP. "HONEST JOHN" QUINN. ELECTED BY THE DEMOCRATS AND KNOWN AS A REPUBLICAN LEADER IN THE HOUSE.

REP. "SAM" ROSS OF NEW BEDFORD AND HIS YOUNGEST
OVER TIME BILL

Norcross, Ross and Quinn Among Most Interesting Members of House.

Unlike in Personal Characteristics, Each Has a Strong Following.

The originals of these drawings are three of the most prominent members of the lower house of the Massachusetts Legislature. In personal appearance, mannerisms and legislative characteristics they are as unlike as bargain sale prices. Each is forceful in his own way, and each has strong influence on different lines of legislation. They can speak well when occasion demands, and they all know how to do effective work quietly.

Representative A. D. Norcross is called the Mark Twain of the House, not only because he looks like the famous funny man, but also because he has a fund of wit that he can use to win an opponent or strikingly portray a point. He lives in Monson, and is one of the most popular men that ever went up and down the first Hampden district looking for votes. Farmer and cattle dealer, he has been in the mercantile life and has made enough money to live comfortably. When seeking votes in his district he makes stump speeches from the top-rail of a convenient fence. Perched on the rail with a farmer and his help as the audience, he will talk the favorite themes of the agriculturalist to the men behind the hoes and the pitchforks, and will never stop until he has seen and talked with all the land tillers of the district. It is a slow way, but Mr. Norcross has found it a sure way to victory.

Tall on Common Sense.

Representative "Sam" Ross of New Bedford has an experience in the Legislature that covers twelve terms. He is one of the shortest members in stature, but one of the tallest in common sense. A native of England, he still has the accent of the old country with him. Unfortunately, Mr. Ross has an affliction of the eyes, that prevents him from reading and from readily recognizing acquaintances, but his philosophic nature helps him to bear the trouble bravely. Mr. Ross is one of the best known labor leaders of the State, and, in New Bedford, he has for years been at the head of the Spinners' Association. From mule spinner in the cotton mill to one of the seats of the mighty on Beacon Hill, is his record. He is the father of the overtime bill which Governor Bates vetoed last year, and which, in the opinion of many people, lost him the support of many Republicans who are labor union members.

"Honest" John Quinn, of the Seventh Suffolk, elected as a Democrat, is for the eighth time a member of the Legislature. Some people were at one time so unkind as to say that he was not a bona fide resident of Boston, but that his proper place of abode was the State of Maine. He was able to prove to the Legislature that, although he spent considerable time in the Prohibition State, he was still a Bostonian in good and regular standing.

It is said of John Quinn that he has never failed to secure the passage of a bill in which he has taken a deep interest, and he explains, with becoming modesty, that his success is due to the fact that he has friends in both parties in the House. When not busy in the halls of legislation Mr. Quinn says he is a ship broker. He has more callers than any other member of the Legislature, and never tires of showing his constituents the niche in the hall of fame, where his bust may some day be placed.

The highest-grade, lowest-priced clothing that bears the Union Label is Morse-made.

In the social swim?

Then you realize the importance of having an outfit of black clothes that meet the requirements of every occasion, be it grave or gay.

With our large stock of black clothes, maintained at full strength in season and out of season, we are always in a position to meet with perfect success the demands created by any emergency.

Single or double breasted black suits, smooth or rough surface, $10 to $25.

Cutaway frock suits, $20 and $25.

Prince Albert frock coats and vests, $20 and $25.

Evening dress suits, $25 and $35.

Tuxedo coats, $12.50 and $21.

All sizes—regulars, shorts, stouts and longs.

And every single one of them Morse-made, "Superior."

Open Saturday Night Until 10

Everything That Men and Boys Wear.

Leopold Morse Co.

Designers and Makers of "Superior" Ready-to-Wear Union-Made Clothing.

Washington and Brattle Streets

TO THE PUBLIC

THE STOCK OF

F. GRAY CO

Dealers in Men's, Youths' and Boys'

CLOTHING

Will Be Sold at Retail, Commencing SATURDAY, Feb. 4th, for the Benefit of the Creditors of

F. GRAY CO.

At HANOVER and WASHINGTON STS.

An inventory of the stock appears below and will be disposed of at about 25 to 30 cents on the dollar. W. V. HYDE, Assignee

1760 Men's Black and Blue Kersey Overcoats
830 Men's Long Belt Overcoats
270 Men's Oxford Overcoats
675 Men's Covert Overcoats
4650 Men's Suits of Mixed Goods
2320 Men's Suits in Black Thibets
3680 Pairs of Men's Pants
2000 Men's Fancy Vests

BOYS' DEPT., 2d FLOOR

2700 Boys' Suits—Ages 4 to 12 years
1100 Boys' Overcoats—Ages 4 to 12 years
870 Boys' Reefers
2100 Youths' & Young Men's Suits & Overcoats

C. L. TUCKER IS CHEERFUL

Sheriff Did not Think It Necessary to Tell Him of Mrs. Rogers's Reprieve.

VISITED BY LEGISLATORS

Charles Louis Tucker has settled down to the dull routine of prison life in the East Cambridge jail, and maintains about the same attitude that characterized him before he was found guilty of the murder of Mabel Page.

At the jail to-day Sheriff Fairbairn said that Tucker had not been told of the reprieve granted to Mrs. Mary Rogers, as he did not think there was any occasion to give him the news.

"He is as cheerful as he was before the trial," said the sheriff, "and gives us no trouble whatever. He spends most of his time in reading and writing letters to his friends."

Since the conviction of Tucker many letters have been written to him by persons who do not believe the evidence in the case justified the extreme view taken by the jury, and it is said some of the writers have even gone so far as to offer money to help in securing a new trial.

Tucker is entirely satisfied with the treatment he has received from the jail officials. He told a committee of the Legislature, which visited him while on its annual tour of inspection, that he had no complaint to make and that everyone about the jail tried to make him as comfortable as possible.

WOMAN'S CLUB OUT OF DEBT

The Dorchester Woman's Club House Association is free from debt, the last payment on the $13,000 mortgage assumed six years ago having been made. Five hundred dollars, raised at the last fair held by the association was turned over to the company holding the mortgage. Mrs. Ella C. R. Whiton, the president, in a happy speech congratulated the members.

FELL OVERBOARD FROM TUG ESBOTH

Jasper L. Smith, of No. 193 Meridian street, East Boston, fell overboard from the tug Esboth at the Cunard wharf today, and was pulled out of the icy waters by several of the crew. He was taken to the Relief Hospital.

☞ **The best and most complete account of the fight to save Mary Rogers will be printed in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.**

FOOTBALL MEN AROUSED BY ELIOT'S WORDS

Advocates of the Strenuous Game Defend It Against President's Criticism.

NO NEED OF BRUTALITY

President Eliot's remarks on football as it is, and as it should not be, has called forth much comment among followers of the game. As the criticism has come from President Eliot, who speaks to Harvard men only after long thought and study, his remarks have received every consideration.

Here are the comments made by some of the advocates of the strenuous game.

W. H. Lewis, Harvard coach: "If men are unsportsmanlike on the field it is not because they are coached to be so. A mean man or a brute will be mean or brutal on the field from instinct. The rules will soon dispose of such. President Eliot has pointed out some features which cast discredit on the game."

"Hurry-up" Yost, University of Michigan coach: "It is my opinion that football is getting better each year. The game cannot be criticised because of the action of individual players. There is no need of brutality in football. I think there were less injuries last season than ever before."

J. W. Hallowell, former Harvard end: "Almost without exception the men who have stood as the best players are men who have been sportsmanlike and have given their attention to playing the game legitimately. They have not relied on brutality for their advantages."

Malcolm Donald, chairman Harvard's football committee: "If football offers opportunities for meanness and brutality, it also teaches self control, fairness and high principle."

Walter Camp, famous Yale coach: "I really have no new ideas on football."

Frank Hinkey, famous Yale captain: "The game needs no defence."

STARVED HER ON HONEYMOON

AUGUSTA, Me., Feb. 3.—Among the allegations made by Mrs. Lizzie M. Purinton, of Waterville, who is suing her second husband, Humphrey Purinton, of Topsfield, for a divorce, is that of making her go hungry while on their honeymoon.

They were married at the Quincy House in Boston February 8, 1904, and then went on a wedding trip to New York, Atlantic City, N. J., and other places. She says that while on the honeymoon he often left the hotel, went to a lunch counter and got his supper for fifteen cents and never mentioned a word about her supper.

☞ **The best and most complete account of the fight to save Mary Rogers will be printed in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.**

What To Do For Heart Trouble

I back up my advice with this Remarkable Offer—A Full Dollar's Worth of my Remedy Free to Prove that I am Right.

I ask no reference, no deposit, no security. There is nothing to promise, nothing to pay,—either now or later. To any heart sufferer who has not tried my remedy—Dr. Shoop's Restorative—I will gladly give, free, not a mere sample, but a full dollar bottle.

I am warranted in making this unusual offer because mine is no ordinary remedy. It does not vainly try to stimulate the heart. Such treatments are worse than useless. It goes straight to the cause of all heart trouble—the heart nerves—and strengthens them and vitalizes them and restores them. Then that is the end of heart diseases.

For the heart itself has no more self control than a common sponge. It is made to beat by a tender nerve so tiny that it is scarcely visible to the naked eye. Yet ten thousand times a day this delicate nerve must cause the heart to expand and contract.

The heart is about the size of your clenched fist. Open and close your fist a dozen times, even, and you will see the monstrous labor this little nerve must do.

The heart nerve is only one of the branches of the great sympathetic nervous system. Each branch of this system is so closely allied with the others that weakness or irregularity at any point is apt to spread. Heart trouble frequently arises from Stomach trouble through sympathy, and Kidney trouble may also follow. For each of these organs is operated by a branch of these same sympathetic nerves—the inside nerves.

The bond of sympathy between the nerves that operate the vital organs has a useful purpose, as well. For what will cure weakness in one branch will surely cure weakness in every branch—what will restore one center, will surely restore them all.

There is nothing new about this—nothing any physician would dispute. But it remained for Dr. Shoop to apply this knowledge—to put it to practical use. Dr. Shoop's Restorative is the result of a quarter century of endeavor along this very line. It does not dose the organ or deaden the pain—but it does go at once to the nerve—the inside nerve—the power nerve—and builds it up, and strengthens it and makes it well.

If you have any heart trouble, and have never tried my remedy, merely write and ask. I will send you an order on your druggist which he will accept as gladly as he would accept a dollar. He will hand you from his shelves a standard sized bottle of my prescription, and he will send the bill to me. This offer is made only to strangers to my remedy. Those who have once used the Restorative do not need this evidence. There are no conditions—no requirements. It is open and frank and fair. It is the supreme test of my limitless belief. All that I ask you to do is to write—write to-day.

For a free order for a full dollar bottle you must address Dr. Shoop, Box E 898, Racine, Wis. State which book you want.

Book 1 on Dyspepsia.
Book 2 on the Heart.
Book 3 on the Kidneys.
Book 4 for Women.
Book 5 for Men.
Book 6 on Rheumatism.

Mild cases are often cured by a single bottle. For sale at forty thousand drug stores.

Dr. Shoop's Restorative

LEGISLATIVE HEARINGS.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS—State House, Boston, Feb. 1st, 1905. The Committee on Taxation will give a hearing to parties interested in House Bill No. 517 of George C. Poland, for legislation to authorize the taxation of property owned by cities and towns situated outside of their own boundaries, at Room No. 453, State House, on Wednesday, Feb. 8th, at 10:30 o'clock A. M. FRANK SEIBERLICH, Chairman. CHARLES D. B. FISK, Clerk of the Committee.

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BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN

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THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE ACCOUNT OF

The Fight to Save Mary Rogers

The story of the efforts which have been made to save Mary Rogers from the scaffold is a dramatic and thrilling one. It will be told in full by the BOSTON AMERICAN'S special correspondents, with notable illustrations, in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

Michael Davitt on the Russian Troubles

The famous Irish leader was sent to Russia as the special representative of the BOSTON AMERICAN. His cabled dispatches will present the latest developments of the crisis that threatens the Russian despotism.

THE BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN, THROUGH ITS

Unrivalled Cable Service

will print the best, the fullest, and the latest news of the world.

The Most Perfect Foot in America

The BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN'S great contest for the solid gold slipper prize has awakened interest all over the country. The name of the winner and the reports of the judges will be given in an illustrated page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

Features That Will Specially Interest Women

Ella Wheeler Wilcox, Dorothy Dix and Winifred Black have written articles that will interest every woman who reads and thinks, and which will appear exclusively in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

"THE SPRING BIRD," BY J. J. SCHNEIDER.

Full-page drawing in colors on the front page of the magazine section of next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN, the February Household Number.

HOW IT FEELS TO BE A SERVANT

A young woman of social position, and a college graduate, tells how she sought to learn of the other side of the servant problem. Her experiences are the subject of an illustrated page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

SUNDAY AMERICAN PATTERNS IN COLORS.

Designs for two of the newest of the new Spring Fashions for negligees and blouses will be printed in the magazine section of next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

THE ETIQUETTE OF HOUSEHOLD SERVICE.

Mrs. Linda Hull Larned, the author of "The Hostess of To-day," writes interestingly on this question for next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

THE SHADOW OVER ETHEL BARRYMORE.

The story of a famous theatrical family and the tragedies which have blighted it is the subject of an illustrated page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

THE BEAUTIES OF THE "400" IN MASQUERADE.

The dresses worn by the most famously fashionable women in the United States at the most brilliant ball ever given, are the subject of an illustrated double-page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

50-CENT SHEET MUSIC FREE.

"A Soldier of Old Japan," the song that so delighted Prince Fushimi, will be given away with next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

THE FUNNIEST COMIC SECTION PUBLISHED ANYWHERE.

Everybody would miss Dear Little Katy, the Katzenjammer Kids, Foxy Grandpa and Little Jimmy if they did not see them Sunday. Their latest exploits will all be pictured in the great comic section of next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

WHY A GIRL LOVES A HERO.

Five beautiful women have confessed their love for one man. Their pictures and their stories form a page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

HOW THE RUSSIAN PEOPLE ARE DECEIVED.

Pictures and war news "from the front," which the Czar's Government makes the Russian newspapers print. Illustrated page feature in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN.

INSURE YOUR LIFE FREE

Cut out the free insurance coupon printed in every copy of the BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN, and protect yourself and your family financially against injury or death.

Boston American WOMAN'S Home Magazine

The Dulness of Married Life, by Dorothy Dix

The Book of Dreams and the Book of Experience—They're Different.

PRACTICALLY every wife works harder for her husband than she would for her employer, but not one wife in a thousand gets anything for it but her board and clothes.

If men would state their position on the money question candidly before marriage instead of after marriage there would be precious few weddings.

The earliest disillusionment of matrimony comes from women not understanding the business of making a home.

Women forget that sentiment is the outcome of a full stomach.

A man does not love a woman primarily because she is a good cook, but if he keeps on loving her it is because she is.

Show me a woman's housekeeping and I will tell you how long she will keep her husband's love.

Every woman who marries faces the question of the kind of a house she will make and decides it.

The first great danger of married life becoming dull consists in its being lived in an uncomfortable and unattractive environment.

DOROTHY DIX.

First Aid To The Lovelorn

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

I am a young lady of twenty years. I have worked in very few places but I never seem to be as joyful as other girls. I think sometime I am all discouraged. I have no folks at all; they are all dead. One time I loved a young man three years my senior and he seemed to think a great lot of me. We never had any trouble at all, but he just stopped calling on me. He is the only one who seems to make me happy. How can I become happy?

Providence. P. R.

YOU are probably allowing your happiness to depend upon what others do for you. Now just reverse the order of things. Gauge your happiness by what you do for others and there will be no limitations to it, for you can always find people to help in so many ways. If you get interested in people and things about you, it will be surprising how quickly your imaginary troubles will be forgotten. There are other young men in the world and no doubt you will meet the right one some of these days.

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

I am a girl thirteen years old and madly in love with a gentleman of thirty-two. He is an Italian of a noble family. I am afraid to ask my parents' consent to marry him. Will you be so kind as to advise me if I do right in keeping company with him without asking my father's and mother's consent, and if the fact that he is Italian would in any way interfere with my future happiness.

EDNA H.

Somerville, Mass.

I AM afraid my answer is going to be disappointing to you, but I sincerely trust that you wil take my advice, because you are entirely too young to be the judge in this matter. You are altogether too young to be receiving attentions from any one man, or even to allow your thoughts to dwell on any particular young man. In the second place, this man is nearly twenty years your senior and he is doing a very wrong thing in permitting you to keep company iwth him without the knowledge and consent of your parents. Be willing for a few years yet to have a little more confidence in the wise and loving counsel your mother will gladly give you. But at any rate, always remember that, if at any time in your life you are afraid to ask your mother's advice, rest assured you are doing something you should not do.

Health and Beauty

DEAR MISS LANG:

I am twenty-two years of age and weigh 160 pounds. Do you think walking up and down a large room 500 times three times a day, with other exercises, would make me thin?

Newport. A READER.

DIET and exercise will help to reduce your weight. Do not eat foods that help to build up fatty tissues, such as butter, bread, cereals, eggs, broths, pastry and all sweets. Take your exercise out of doors. Exercise in the open does far more good than walking in one's room. On arising in the morning take juice of half a lemon in a little water.

DEAR MISS LANG:

Kindly advise me what to do in regard to blackheads, as I have many of them on my face. By doing so you will greatly oblige

A CONSTANT READER.

New Bedford.

WITH a lotion made by the following formula rub the face:

Pure brandy	2 ounces
Cologne	1 ounce
Liquor of potassa	½ ounce

Then steam the face over a face steamer or chafing dish until perspiration is freely induced. Wipe the face gently with a soft linen cloth and rub in the following:

Lanoline	1 ounce
Sweet almond oil	½ ounce
Boric acid	40 drops
Tincture of benzoin	10 drops

DEAR MISS LANG:

Please tell me what I can do for my wrinkles. I am only thirty-four years old, but look ten years older. They have come so suddenly on me that my friends do not recognize me.

Malden. A READER.

THE following formula is an excellent one for premature wrinkles:

Alum	120 grains
Almond milk (thick)	1½ ounces
Rose water	6 ounces

Dissolve the alum in the rose water, then pour gently into the almond milk, with constant agitation.

CARE OF THE NAILS

TO keep the nails in good condition they should be manicured twice a week, and once a day, after washing the hands, the thin membrane at the base should be gently pushed back with the ivory presser, and the nails polished with the chamois leather rubber. Never use a sharp instrument under the nails.

BLUSHING

TRY to keep yourself calm; you do harm to your health by your excitability, besides causing the flushing that troubles you. Bathe your face with rosewater, and powder with a mixture of equal parts of starch and boracic powder.

Have You Got A Chafing Dish?

If You Haven't, Here's the Way to Get One for Nothing

WHAT is home without a chafing dish?

Without this wonderful culinary invention, that ranks equally with the steam engine and the electric telegraph, domestic life is little better than camping out.

So, if you haven't got one you know you ought to have one, and here's the way to get one for nothing.

Even if you haven't got a chafing dish, you certainly know how to cook on one. No one nowadays could be as uncivilized as not to know that. And you've got some pet little chafing dish recipe that's the best ever. Of course you have!

Write it out and send it to the BOSTON AMERICAN right away.

For each of the five best recipes received before Sunday, February 5, the sender will get one splendid, up-to-date chafing dish, as shown in the picture.

So, if your home is without a chafing dish after February 5 it's your own fault.

Address Chafing Dish Editor, HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN.

Lobster a la Harold

One large or two small lobsters, one gill wine, three eggs, one-half pint cream. Cut in small pieces the best part of lobster, put in chafing dish with butter, season well with pepper and salt, pour over the wine and cook ten minutes. Add cream and beaten yolks of eggs. Let all come to a boil and serve immediately. This is as delicious as Childe Harold's fun.

CARRIE ALLEN REED.
No. 188 North Water street, New Bedford.

Beef Tenderloin with Wine Sauce.

Heat the chafing dish very hot. Then lay one small tenderloin steak in the dish and put on cover. Turn steak every half minute, keeping it covered as much as possible and cook five minutes. Then add one tablespoonful of butter, one-half teaspoonful of salt, and one-half teaspoonful of paprika. Then pour one-quarter cup of sherry or Madeira wine over the steak, and when all are heated add one spoonful of lemon juice and serve with chopped parsley sprinkled over meat.

MISS BERTHA BRYANT.
No. 34 Cottage Street, Taunton.

Creamed Clams and Mushrooms

Melt one tablespoonful of butter in a chafing dish and add one tablespoonful of flour, stirring until smooth. Then pour in gradually one cup of milk and half a cup of mushroom liquor. When it boils add twenty little-neck clams and one cupful of button mushrooms. Cover and cook eight minutes. Serve in crimped paper cases.

MRS. JAMES CONNOLLY,
No. 84 Parsonage street, Providence, R. I.

Oysters a la d'Uxelles

One pint oysters, two tablespoons chopped mushrooms, two tablespoons butter, two tablespoons flour, one-half teaspoon salt, one-half teaspoon lemon juice, few grains cayenne, one egg yolk, one tablespoon Madeira or sherry. Clean oysters, heat to boiling point and drain. Reserve liquor and strain through fine cloth; should be nearly cupful. Cook mushrooms and butter five minutes, add flour and oyster liquor gradually; cook three minutes; add salt, lemon juice, oysters, cayenne, wine and egg. Serve on zephyrettes or toasted bread.

MRS. D. E. CARTER.
No. 35 Wendover street, Boston.

Eggs a la Caracas

Half pound shaved dried beef, one cupful canned tomato (use thick part), two tablespoonfuls grated cheese, one teaspoonful onion juice, four beaten eggs, salt and pepper. A half pound of shaved dried beef is mixed with a cup of the thick part of canned tomato, two tablespoonfuls of grated cheese, and a teaspoonful of onion juice, with salt and pepper. This is poured into the chafing dish, in which a tablespoonful of butter has been melted. After all is well blended and thick, four beaten eggs are stirred in, and the whole is cooked just long enough to set the eggs.

MRS. P. C. H.
No. 24½ North street, Boston.

A Dainty Dish

The merry chafing dish take down,
Place in it lumps of butter,
Of quality, best renown,
And at expense ne'er mutter.

Of mushrooms now take teacups two,
Cut fine and gently simmer,
Ten minutes, just about will do,
Don't scorch, or you're a sinner.

Of strained tomatoes use a cup,
A quarter one of cheese,
Stir constantly, with no let up,
Some pepper now, don't sneeze.

Two eggs, you next must briskly beat,
And smoothly make all leaven,
Pour over toast and quickly eat,
And dream you are in Heaven.

MRS. HARRY A. SPOONER,
No. 104 Warner street, Newport, R. I.

Oysters in Sherry

One pint oysters (large), half pint sherry wine, half pint cream (thin), yolks four eggs, toast, salt and pepper. Heat wine to boiling point, drain oysters and work in wine until oysters curl; remove oysters to circular pieces of toast. Beat cream and eggs together and add to wine slowly; add oyster liquor last; salt and pepper to taste. Pour over toast. The beauty of this dish is to cook it in the order given.

ALICE F. KNOX.
No. 63 Kenwood road, Roxbury.

Welsh Rarebit with Tomato

Take one tablespoonful of butter, one tablespoonful chopped onion, one cup cheese, one-half cup tomato juice, one-half teaspoonful salt, dash of pepper and two eggs. Place the butter and onion in chafing dish and stir until slightly brown; add cheese and strained tomato. This mixture must be constantly stirred until cheese is melted, then add the eggs, beaten light, pepper and salt. Serve on toasted bread or crackers.

MRS. JENNIE FISHER.
No. 37 Winter street, Franklin, Mass.

Chicken and Oysters

Two tablespoons butter, three tablespoons flour, half teaspoon salt, quarter tablespoon pepper, quarter teaspoon celery salt, one cup milk, one cup oysters, one cup cooked chicken, cut in dice, five slices toast. Melt the butter, add the flour, salt and pepper; when well mixed add gradually the milk, then the oysters (after washing and draining them), and the chicken as soon as the oysters are plump; serve on toast. Veal may be substituted for chicken.

MRS. F. AMES.
No. 134 Fremont avenue, Everett, Mass.

Married to Mystery

Boston American's Thrilling Story of Present Day Life in Boston

Chapter CLVI.—Continued.

AS I foresaw, your marriage with Harold brought you nothing but misery. On the very day of your wedding Grimstead imparted the whole truth to your husband. Think what it meant to him! He was not the legitimate son of his father, his mother was not the gentle lady whom he had loved all his life, but a wild creature, hardly human, a horror in the guise of woman. His brothers—though he knew of their existence, he had always doubted that they were in fact his brothers—were tainted with deformity and madness; they had slain each other in their untameable frenzy. And it was this family which he was called upon to continue! The future Borradales were to be the scions of such a race! Can you wonder that he tore himself from you, and that in the first month of his marriage he gave way to drink?

For myself, I continued my useless existence, living for the most part at Dr. French's house, but occasionally at the establishment which Valenski had now set up far downtown, and where he contrived to drive his hateful trade with profit to himself. Here came the unfortunate Harold, and here he, too, adopted the drug habit. Sometimes he went to Adderley. I believe he saw his mother. I cannot picture to myself the horror of the meeting.

Valenski, always experimenting, had discovered certain new drugs, and it was one of these, a combination with that of which I was accustomed, that Harold took to. Its effect upon him was very rapid, and his degradation soon became complete. And so I come to the present date.

All this while pressure was being brought upon him to return to you, his wife. Was the race to die out completely? Valenski raged at the very thought. Harold resisted as long as he could—he made a brave fight for your sake. But the all-powerful threat of depriving him of his drug had its effect—as in my own case.

But was it likely that you would forgive him? His very appearance is terrifying. There is a fuming liquid which is another recent invention of Valenski's. Any one taking it—inhaling the fumes for a few days—loses sense of the present, becomes utterly subservient to a stronger will. Under its influence you would be quickly reconciled to your husband, for you would lose your power of discrimination.

From what Harold has told me I know that they will attempt to place you under the influence of this poison. How they will set to work I cannot say, for at the time of writing I only know that such a proposal has been made—and that Harold is yielding to it.

I am writing this statement with a vague hope that it may fall into your hands before any mischief is done. I cannot say from hour to hour what may happen to me—if I should die! I pray often enough for death. If I could muster up courage to leave this terrible place—but that would mean an agony which I dare not face. And in the meanwhile I am helpless—hopeless. I have not the pluck to act—to go to you and speak the truth. By some means Valenski would know what I had done, and he would martyrize me without remorse. The writing of this paper has afforded me some relief, but of what use can it be till I am dead? If death would but come!

At this point the writing broke off abruptly. There was, however, a note which, according to the date upon it, had been added the day before that upon which Probyn met with his death blow. It read as follows:

A month has passed, and I have done nothing. Harold has returned here; the attempt to bring Mrs. Borradale under the influence of the fuming drug has failed—I do not know how, but I thank God for it. I have made up my mind to place myself in communication with the police, for at all costs there must be a stop to the horrid practices in this place. I am told that Valenski has stolen a couple of children, and that they are to be brought here tomorrow. I know too well for what purpose. It is horrible—unendurable. I remember—but I will not write that. It is the gypsy girl, Zara, who told me. Why do I always feel such strange emotions when she is near me? Is it that she reminds me of my own child? But, no more; this is the end.

Probyn had written no more.

Advanced as was the night, the two women had read on through the long document until they had thoroughly mastered its contents. Then Esther laid it down and looked at her friend.

"Lilian, we know all," she said.

"Yes," replied the other, "we know all."

* * * * * * *

Early the next morning Swan put in an appearance. "I have news for you," he said at once. "Probyn is dead and Zara has spoken. Valenski is, as I suspected, at Adderley. He does not know that the police suspect his hiding place, or that they have any idea of his connection with the Borradales. It was there that, during a quarrel, Zara learned of her parentage, and she made her escape by way of the Grange, shadowed to Boston by my men. We shall arrest Valenski, I trust, to-day. If he tried to leave Adderley, fearing that Zara might betray him, he would be seized at once by the men who are on the watch. We hold him as if in a trap."

"And Harold?" asked Esther, anxiously.

The detective looked grave. "He, too, is at Adderley. I fear he also will be taken—as an accomplice. The cigarette case which we found at the Poison House has been traced—through the name of the maker upon it—as his property. The little glass tubes within it contained some deadly poison. Dr. Brooks has had the stuff for analysis. He reports that it is a little known alkaloid concocted from some rare plants—I have forgotten the names." Swan glanced at Esther pitifully. "There is no help for it, Mrs. Borradale," he added, "the whole matter is public now, and must be sifted to the bottom."

Esther turned away her head. It was to hide her tears.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

The final chapter of Married to Mystery will be printed in next Sunday's BOSTON SUNDAY AMERICAN. Do not fail to read the denouement of this thrilling romance.

By Ella Wheeler Wilcox

There Is Plenty of Room for Needed Reforms in the Public School System of America

Copyright, 1905, by American-Journal-Examiner.

AMERICA is justly proud of its great educational system and of its large expenditures in schools and colleges.

Our public schools are increasing in number and attendance, and an army of intelligent men and women in the country are engaged in efforts to amplify and perfect the institutions of learning.

Yet, that the result of all this thought, energy and expenditure is in the main disappointing is a fact which begins to impress itself upon the minds of the most advanced thinkers to-day.

Only the exceptional child who graduates from the public school seems to have brought away with it a power of concentration, an ability to reason logically, or any idea of how to apply the education he has obtained to the practical life facing him.

Very few of the children in the senior grades of these schools use correct language, however they may excel in grammar upon examination day.

Slang and careless, slipshod methods of speech prevail in their daily conversation.

Watch almost any bevy of boys, and indeed of girls, on its exit from school, and you will hear and see enough to sadden and depress the most hopeful humane heart. Tramps, peddlers, deformities, and animals, are persecuted and maltreated by these privileged children of good families and superior schools.

Something like a year ago an appeal was sent out from an educational institution to the thinking people of the land asking for criticisms of our school system.

A response was made in this column. Now comes another appeal from the far West.

It is always the West which awakens first to any need of improvement, whether in the mental or the mechanical realms. That is why the West is destined to lead America in all great movements eventually, and to leave the effete East sitting alone in her self-satisfied background.

Mr. R. F. Coudon, of Helena, Mont., Superintendent of Schools, has sent out the following letter:

First. In what respects do the young people of the present generation exhibit the greatest weakness or defects?

Second. How far can these defects reasonably be charged up against the work of the public schools?

Third. What, in your opinion, are the principal reasons why the schools have failed in part to produce the desired and expected results in the characters of its pupils?

Fourth. What remedies can you suggest?

The problem which confronts every man and woman engaged in school work, and to the solution of which the best minds in the profession are giving their thought and earnest effort is, How to secure the greatest efficiency with the least waste or misdirected energy.

In an attempt to answer this question, and to modify to some extent existing conditions—to find if possible a plan of school work which will give a product of greater value, of higher efficiency—a character which more nearly meets the test of twentieth century conditions—I am asking a few of the leading men and women of the country who have had opportunity for wide observation and from different points of view, to express an unbiased opinion on the present work of the schools based upon their observation of its product. Such a collective expression of various professions and business pursuits who view the subject from the outside, will be of inestimable value and will give a perspective that is lacking when the subject is seen from the point of view of those who are working on the inside. If you will point out the weaknesses or defects as you see them, in the light of your wider observation and experience, we shall be in a better position to attempt from the inside a remedy of the defects.

1. The young people of the present day show the greatest weakness in a lack of concentration; in a lack of any sense of responsibility; in a failure to know how to apply their school education to the exigencies of daily life; in a lack of originality; in a lack of purpose, and in a woful lack of kindness to weaker creatures.

2. Some of these defects are due to wrong training, or lack of training at home. But many of them are directly traceable to the unintelligent cramming system of our public schools, and to the colossal error of putting all kinds of minds through the same educational process.

Were an outfitter for children to insist upon giving every child the same sized garment, hat, shoes and gloves, we would think him insane. But how much more unreasonable is the individual, or system, which flings children of varied temperaments, and vastly dissimilar minds, into one educational mill, and grinds them through a four years' course according to a mechanical process.

3. The schools have failed to produce the desired results because of the utter lack of understanding of human nature, and its needs, on the part of those who formulated the present educational system and because of the greater outlay in money for buildings and paraphernalia of education than for sufficient and worthy teachers.

No teacher can think of fifty or sixty pupils as individuals—she is obliged to regard them as raw material in the bulk. This is a death blow to any real education for a child—the education which begins at the heart, and goes up to the head. No teacher should have more than fifteen or twenty children under her charge. In this way she can give them that personal supervision and careful analysis which means ten fold more in results than all the class room work.

4. The first remedy should begin right here, in an increased force of teachers for every school.

Next there should be a board of wise counsellors provided for each school district, composed of the most scientific minds, whose business it is to classify the children sent to the public schools. A physician and a psychologist ought to be among the number comprised in this board, men and women who are able to decide upon a child's physical state, to read its heart and to understand its needs and capabilities.

Children born with nerves tensely strung or highly sensitive natures should be in a class alone, under the direction of a calm, wise and loving teacher, whose first duty would be to teach them composure and control. Such a teacher should have a thorough training in mental science. Their studies should not be the same as those of the normal, healthy, robust children, nor should they be thrown with a boisterous and rude element, hour after hour and day after day, as they now are and placed in competition with them.

Teachers should be on the alert to discover the leading ability of each child and to cultivate it, and to encourage originality of thought, or method, instead of eliminating it as our present system does.

A department in Natural History should include careful daily lessons in humanitarianism, and the child's dormant kindness should be awakened, with its sense of responsibility toward the weaker things of earth. This work should be most thoroughly and persistently done, and it should be made one of the most attractive classes in the whole curriculum.

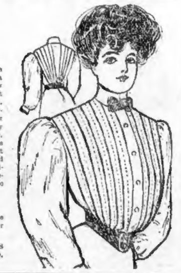
The effect such a system of education would have upon the brain cells and characters of school children is incalculable in its immensity. It would do more for the uplifting of humanity than all our reform schools and prisons. It would in truth do away with the need of reform schools in a generation or two.

These are a few crude suggestions which are offered to the Superintendent of Schools, with heart-felt wishes for his success, in helping to lift our school system from the mechanical rut where it has so long moved.

ELLA WHEELER WILCOX.

Hearst's Boston American Pattern

LADIES' TUCKED WAIST



No. 6,252—The variations rung on the theme of the blouse or shirt waist rival in number the leaves on a tree, yet every few months something entirely new in cut or finish makes its appearance. Lately it would seem that tucked waists lead in popularity. Not any particular style of waist, nor any particular width of tuck, but just as many or as few tucks as one desires. It is safe to say that every third woman one meets is wearing such a blouse, and for the other "two" who have not yet had the pleasure of such a possession we offer a most charming model. Both front and back are tucked and the sleeve is the newest shirt sleeve in modified leg-o'-mutton style. If a dressy touch is desired one could add a big lace collar or finish the front and cuffs with Persian bands.

Sizes—**32** to **42** inches bust measure.

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN will mail the above pattern upon receipt of **10** cents, to cover cost of handling, etc.

All orders should be addressed to HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN PATTERN DEPT., P. O. Box 230, Boston, Mass.

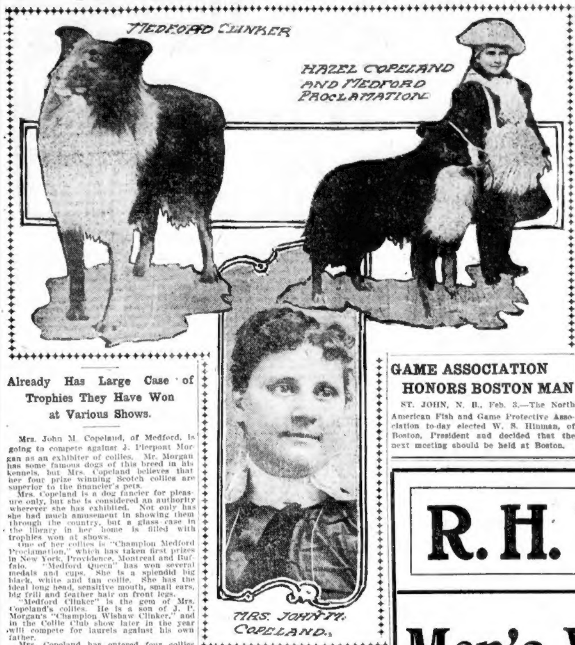
No. 6,252.

SIZE..

NAME..

ADDRESS...

MEDFORD WOMAN ENTERS COLLIES TO COMPETE WITH J. P. MORGAN'S


MEDFORD CLINKER
HAZEL COPELAND AND MEDFORD PROCLAMATION
MRS. JOHN M. COPELAND.

MEDFORD WOMAN AND PETS.

Already Has Large Case of Trophies They Have Won at Various Shows.

Mrs. John M. Copeland, of Medford, is going to compete against J. Pierpont Morgan as an exhibiter of collies. Mr. Morgan has some famous dogs of this breed in his kennels, but Mrs. Copeland believes that her four prize winning Scotch collies are superior to the financier's pets.

Mrs. Copeland is a dog fancier for pleasure only, but she is considered an authority wherever she has exhibited. Not only has she had much amusement in showing them through the country, but a glass case in the library in her home is filled with trophies won at shows.

One of her collies is "Champion Medford Proclamation," which has taken first prizes in New York, Providence, Montreal and Buffalo. "Medford Queen" has won several medals and cups. She is a splendid big black, white and tan collie. She has the ideal long head, sensitive mouth, small ears, big frill and feather hair on front legs.

"Medford Clinker" is the gem of Mrs. Copeland's collies. He is a son of J. P. Morgan's "Champion Wishaw Clinker," and in the Collie Club show later in the year will compete for laurels against his own father.

Mrs. Copeland has entered four collies for the New England Kennel Club show, which opens February 21.

LABOR NEWS

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL BOSTON, MASS. 96

After an appeal by Julius Friedman, of the United Cloth Hat and Cap Makers of North America, Boilermakers' Union No. 9 made a donation of $10 to the locked-out cap makers of New York.

There were twenty-five new members initiated. It was decided to hold a ball in April. The bakers' label was reindorsed.

TILE LAYERS' CONVENTION.

At the meeting of Tile Layers' Helpers' Union No. 36 plans were begun for the annual convention of the National Union of Tile Layers and Helpers to be held in Boston in July.

A committee from the striking bakers addressed the meeting, and it was voted to buy only bread bearing the union label.

EDUCATIONAL MEETING HELD.

The meeting of Engineers, Firemen and Assistants' Assembly No. 1628, K. of L., was largely an educational affair.

Peleg Stetson spoke on "Pumps," and Ernest Mutch gave an instructive talk on "Boilers." Timothy Sullivan, of District Assembly No. 30, spoke in favor of a law being passed by the State requiring that stationary engineers, firemen and assistants be licensed.

PLUMBERS DANCE TO-NIGHT.

A most enjoyable time is assured the large numbers who will attend the annual ball of Plumbers' Union No. 12 in Odd Fellows Hall, to-night.

T. Heagney will be floor marshal and P. W. Hayes floor director. E. B. Minton will be assistant floor director and H. Clayton, chief of aids.

THORNTON RETURNS HOME.

President George T. Thornton, of Boston Bricklayers' Union No. 3, has returned from San Francisco, where he attended the international convention. Mr. Thornton was elected second vice-president of the international.

At next Monday night's meeting reports will be made by George K. Watson and Joseph W. Luke, who were delegates to the San Francisco convention.

LABOR NOTES.

Stone Masons' Union No. 9 made a donation to the locked-out cloth hat and cap makers, of New York. Two new members were admitted and two proposals were tabled.

The Executive Board of Cooks' Union No. 328 will hold an important meeting Sunday afternoon at No. 724 Washington street.

Newspaper Writers' Union No. 1 has appointed a committee to co-operate with the Woman's Trade Union League in preparing for the Trade Union ball to be held in May.

At the meeting of the Cambridge Central Labor Union next Friday night, there will be addresses by Representative W. Rodman Peabody, of Cambridge, and Alderman Henry Sterling, of Medford, who were the labor representatives on the State Commission on Relations Between Employer and Employe in 1904.

W. L. DOUGLAS
UNION MADE $3.50 SHOES FOR MEN
You Don't Need to Pay High Prices for Shoes Any Longer.
W. L. Douglas makes and sells more Men's $3.50 Shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.
$10,000 REWARD to anyone who can disprove this statement.
The reason W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world is because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. If I could show you the difference between the shoes made in my factory and those of other makes and the high grade leathers used, you would understand why W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, why they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater intrinsic value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day. W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom. Look for it. Take no substitute. Sold by all shoe dealers.
W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are worn by all classes of men.
HONEST LEATHER IN W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES.
"I am so well pleased with W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes that I cannot refrain from telling about them. I walk from 15 to 20 miles a day, and am hard on shoes, but yours always last me a year or more. You certainly use honest leather in your shoes."
F. X. AUDET, 25 Cortes St.
W. L. Douglas $2.00 and $1.75 Shoes for Boys are the same as Douglas $3.50 shoes for Men. Boys save $1 on every pair over other makes.
Fast Color Eyelets will not turn brassy.
G. C. & E. Eli Calf always gives satisfaction.
W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is conceded to be the finest Patent Leather yet produced.
Write for New Illustrated Catalog. Shoes by mail, 25 cents extra.
W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.
W. L. Douglas $3.50 Shoe Stores in Boston:
635-637 WASHINGTON STREET. 391 WASHINGTON STREET.
115-117 SUMMER STREET. 83 COURT STREET.
130 HANOVER STREET. below Washington St.

KREISLER'S VISIT ENDS IN TRIUMPH

Great Violinist's Last Recital Attended by Scenes of Enthusiasm.

By Kent Perkins.

Fritz Kreisler gave his last violin recital in Jordan Hall yesterday afternoon before an audience that greeted his highly proficient work with unstinted enthusiasm. His program was as follows:

Sonate, E major (accompaniment of Robert Schumann), Bach; Melodie, Gluck; Prelude and Allegro, Pugnani; Sarabande and Allegro, Corelli; Variations on a Theme of Corelli, Tartini; Fugue, A minor, Bach; Slavish Dance, A major, Dvorak; Elfentanz, Popper; Polonaise, Wieniawski.

Kreisler's present visit to Boston has been not only an artistic triumph, but also a revelation of growth to those who have attended his recitals, and those who have not done so have missed a chance of hearing one of the foremost violinists of the time. His playing yesterday exhibited throughout the wide scope of his technical power, his virility, his breadth, depth and sensitiveness of imagination and the classic refinement of his execution.

Selection after selection was redemanded and the artist generously responded with extra numbers. At the close the people kept on asking for more and apparently with a definite object in view. Finally Kreisler played Dvorak's exquisite "Humoresque" with his inimitable tenderness and keen emotional appeal, and his hearers cheered their thanks.

This artist stands forth well-nigh supreme in his power of grasping a composer's deep intent, assimilating it in the fires of his own genius and then giving it forth with classic expression, infused and glowing with emotional power. His interpretation vibrates with passionate feeling, yet a fine reserve and repose are ever present. He never "tears a passion to tatters." In this lies his chief charm.

ACTORS QUELL PANIC AT FIRE IN THEATRE

Members of Company in Haverhill Sing and Joke Until It Is Extinguished.

HAVERHILL, Feb. 3.—By singing and joking on the stage of the Academy of Music while flames shot from a moving picture machine located in centre of the house, the members of the Katherine Rober company quelled a panic among the 800 frightened persons in the audience, and undoubtedly saved many from death or injury.

The company was playing "Indiana Folks," and between the third and fourth acts the moving picture machine was in use.

Th film of gelatine and celluloid caught between the carbons of the electric light and in an instant 6,000 feet of it was in flames. This set the canvas tent afire and a mass of flames shot to the ceiling, making a great spluttering and filling the theatre with dense black smoke.

Men, women and children shrieked and started for the exits, shouting and crying in their fright, leaping over the backs of the seats, and, within a minute, throwing the house into a panic. Then the orchestra struck up, but this did not have the desired effect.

Next, every light in the house was thrown on, the white drop lifted and the members of the company strolled unconcernedly on the stage, singing and laughing, talking and springing jokes, while the leading man, Harry King, stepped to the front and shouted:

"Stop awhile, friends, and get warm; it's cold outside."

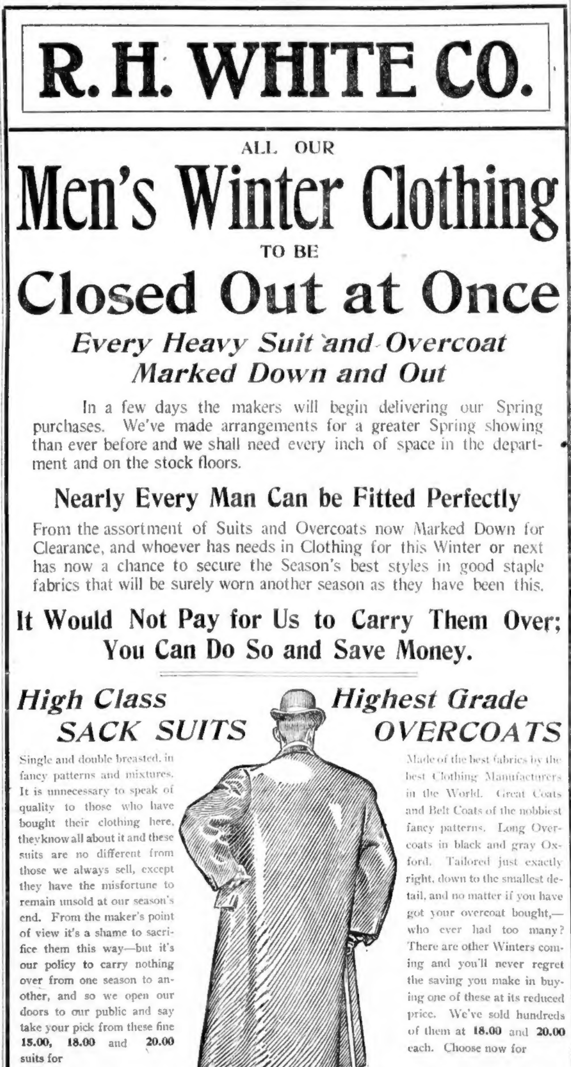
The effect was electrical. Instantly the people paused, turned to gaze at the man possessed of such coolness and presence of mind. They saw the company laughing and dancing and singing, and although the flames still roared and the black smoke piled out, they hesitated a moment and then went back to their seats.

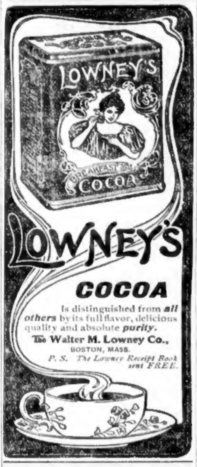
GAME ASSOCIATION HONORS BOSTON MAN

ST. JOHN, N. B., Feb. 3.—The North American Fish and Game Protective Association to-day elected W. S. Hinman, of Boston, President and decided that the next meeting should be held at Boston.

GOV. M'LANE GOING TO INAUGURATION

CONCORD, N. H., Feb. 3.—Arrangements for the trip of Governor McLane and his party to Washington for the inauguration have been completed by General William F. Thayer. The party will stay at the New Willard Hotel. Practically every member of the staff has expressed his intention of going.


R. H. WHITE CO.
ALL OUR
Men's Winter Clothing
TO BE
Closed Out at Once
Every Heavy Suit and Overcoat Marked Down and Out
In a few days the makers will begin delivering our Spring purchases. We've made arrangements for a greater Spring showing than ever before and we shall need every inch of space in the department and on the stock floors.
Nearly Every Man Can be Fitted Perfectly
From the assortment of Suits and Overcoats now Marked Down for Clearance, and whoever has needs in Clothing for this Winter or next has now a chance to secure the Season's best styles in good staple fabrics that will be surely worn another season as they have been this.
It Would Not Pay for Us to Carry Them Over; You Can Do So and Save Money.
High Class SACK SUITS
Single and double breasted, in fancy patterns and mixtures. It is unnecessary to speak of quality to those who have bought their clothing here, they know all about it and these suits are no different from those we always sell, except they have the misfortune to remain unsold at our season's end. From the maker's point of view it's a shame to sacrifice them this way—but it's our policy to carry nothing over from one season to another, and so we open our doors to our public and say take your pick from these fine 15.00, 18.00 and 20.00 suits for
12.50
Highest Grade OVERCOATS
Made of the best fabrics by the best Clothing Manufacturers in the World. Great Coats and Belt Coats of the nobbiest fancy patterns. Long Overcoats in black and gray Oxford. Tailored just exactly right, down to the smallest detail, and no matter if you have got your overcoat bought,—who ever had too many? There are other Winters coming and you'll never regret the saving you make in buying one of these at its reduced price. We've sold hundreds of them at 18.00 and 20.00 each. Choose now for
15.00


LOWNEY'S BREAKFAST COCOA
LOWNEY'S COCOA
Is distinguished from all others by its full flavor, delicious quality and absolute purity.
The Walter M. Lowney Co., BOSTON, MASS.
P. S. The Lowney Receipt Book sent FREE.

TURKISH BATHS
Benefit because they equalize the circulation of the blood throughout the body.
The best Turkish Baths in Boston are the
LUNDIN'S TREMONT TURKISH BATHS
UNDER TREMONT THEATRE
No connection with any other Turkish Baths.
"LOOK FOR THE ELECTRIC SIGN"
Telephone 625 Oxford.
ADOLPH LUNDIN, Proprietor.

AMUSEMENTS.
GLOBE Popular Mat. TOMORROW 25—50—75
Souvenir to Every Lady Monday Night
W. P. CULLEN Presents THE
BURGO MASTER
FIRST TIME POPULAR PRICES 25-50 75-1.00 EVEN'GS
Pixley & Luders Masterpiece
...With OSCAR L. FIGMAN
AUGMENTED ORCHESTRA
Every Sunday Night, 25c—50c, Concert

MUSIC HALL
Twice Daily, 2 and 8. Every Seat Reserved.
The Originator, the Creator,
Thurston
"The World's Master Magician."

HOLLIS ST. THEATRE
ISAAC B. RICH, Proprietor and Manager
Evenings at 8 Only Matinees Saturday at 2
Charles Frohman Presents
ETHEL BARRYMORE
In Her Greatest Success
"SUNDAY"
By Thomas Raceward

GRAND OPERA HOUSE Evenings at 8
MATINEE TO-MORROW
Mats. Tues., Thurs., Sat. at 2.
Joe Welch in "Cohen's Luck"
Eves. Orch. 30c., 50c., 75c. Fam. Cir. 20c. Mats. Special prices. Orch. 30c., 50c. F. C. 20c. Next Week—Patrice in "Driven from Home."

CASTLE SQ. THEATRE Tel. Tre. 5.
Daily 2 and 8 P. M. Prices 15, 25, 35, 50, 75
SAG HARBOR
Next Week—"Held by the Enemy."

Advertise Your Wants IN THE Boston American

AMUSEMENTS.
BOSTON THEATRE
LAWRENCE McCARTY.....Lessee and Mgr.
High-Class Attractions at Fair Prices.
25-35-50-75 ALL ORCHESTRA $1.00
Nothing Like it Seen In Boston for Years
CROWDED EVERY NIGHT.
"That's what yer face needs—smiles." Mrs. Wiggs.
Here with smiles and tears and sunshine and a golden philosophy that has gone around the world, is
MRS. WIGGS —OF THE— CABBAGEPATCH
With Lovey Mary, Mis' Hazy, Mr. Stubbins, Asa, Europena and Australia, Cuby, the ill horse, and all the merry folk of the Cabbage Patch. MADGE CARR COOK as the chatelaine of the shanty. BESSIE BARRISCALE as Lovey Mary. WILL T. HODGE as Mr. Stubbins, and HELEN LOWELL as Mis' Hazy.
Laugh and Mrs. Wiggs laughs with you. Weep and you weep alone.
MATINEE TOMORROW

TREMONT THEATRE
LAST TWO NIGHTS
Farewell Matinee Tomorrow
JAMES K. HACKETT
In His New Romantic Drama,
THE FORTUNES OF THE KING
NEXT MONDAY—ONE WEEK
Only Matinee Saturday
BANK OFFICERS' ASSOCIATION
In the New Comic Opera
THE FILIBUSTER
By John P. Wilson and Wm. Loraine
Seats Selling—Orchestra, AA to T, $2; Circle, $1.50, Balcony, A and B, $2; C, D, E, F, $1.50; remainder, $1. 2d Balcony entire, res. 50c.

KEITH'S VAUDEVILLE
SPOOK MINSTRELS
The latest and most interesting novelty in vaudeville.
ARAB ACROBATS
Greatest troupe of whirlwind tumblers ever seen in America. Geo. H. Wood, Mr. and Mrs. Esmonde, Tom Brown and Siren Nevarro, R. J. Jose, Hathaway and Walton, Al. Fields, Scott Brothers, Chris Green, Reed and Shaw, Barrett and Belle, Shungopavi, Troupe of High-Leaping Siberian Wolf Hounds, New Biograph Pictures.
15—Great Specialties—15

Majestic THEATRE Mats. Wed-Sat
9th Enormous Week
80th PERFORMANCE TONIGHT AT 7:45
MR. Wright Lorimer
And His Own Company of 200 in
THE Shepherd King
Seats now selling for the Last Two Weeks

COLONIAL THEATRE
Chas. Frohman, Rich & Harris, Lessees & Mgrs
LAST WEEK
Charles B. Dillingham Presents
LULU GLASER
In a New Comic Opera Entitled
"A MADCAP PRINCESS"
Eve'gs at 8. Saturday Matinees Only at 2
Regular Colonial Theatre Prices
1.50, 1.00, 75, 50, 35. All Seats Reserved
Mon., February 6, Wm. Faversham in "Letty."
SEATS NOW ON SALE
Regular Colonial Theatre Prices, 1.50, 1.00, 75, 50, 35. All Seats Reserved.

PARK THEATRE
Chas. Frohman, Rich & Harris, Lessees & Mgrs
LAST 2 NIGHTS AT 8:15.
LOUIS MANN
IN THE NEW COMEDY
THE SECOND FIDDLE
Last Mat. Sat. 2:15. Prices 1.50, 1, 75, 50, 25.
NEXT WEEK ANNIE RUSSELL in Brother Jacques

Austin & Stone's Museum
Scollay Sq.—Admission 10c
KRAO, the Missing Link
MYSLIK'S TYROLEANS
Host of Other Attractions in the Curio Hall
Stage Shows nearly every hour from 10 to 10 by two separate companies.

ATLANTIC CITY BELLES AT THE COLUMBIA
Smoking Allowed
Daily Mats, 10, 25 Ev'gs 10, 20, 25, 35, 50
Tel. 96 Trem.

PALACE
HIGH ROLLER BURLESQUERS
GRAND SMOKING CONCERTS
Prices—10—20—25.
TELEPHONE 2150 HAYMARKET.

BOWDOIN SQUARE THEATRE
Every Afternoon at 2. Every Evening at 8.
THE FORBIDDEN MARRIAGE
Any Seat in the House 25c.
NEXT WEEK—"The Great Train Robbery."

HOWARD TODAY 1 till 11 P. M.
Smith and Cook, Geo. B. Alexander, Martyn and Max Millian, Quinlan and Mack, Burton's Dogs, Finlay and Burke, Sabel Johnson and other variety acts. Our bouquet of beauty-brights in the new burletta, "A Ten Strike." That saucy song, "Mary Wise," is in it.

EDITORIAL PAGE OF HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 3

HEARST'S BOSTON AMERICAN

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST

80 AND 82 SUMMER ST., BOSTON, FEBRUARY 3, 1905.

Misrepresentation for Revenue

Through the efforts of the Hearst newspapers, the following section has been added to the Penal codes of the States of New York and California:

"Every proprietor or publisher of any newspaper or periodical who shall wilfully or knowingly misrepresent the circulation of such newspaper or periodical for the purpose of securing advertising or other patronage, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor."

The BOSTON AMERICAN urges the Legislature of Massachusetts to pass a similar law. The business community is protected against all other forms of obtaining money under false pretences. The present situation in Boston makes it particularly necessary. The AMERICAN has been aware of this need for some time, but newspaper comity and a fear lest it do injustice, has kept it silent. After an investigation, however, lasting several months, the mass of facts and figures collected convinces us that a section similar to that of New York and California should at once be inserted in the Penal code of Massachusetts.

One case, perhaps trivial, but particularly flagrant, is that of the Boston Traveler, which, with an industry commendable if directed in any proper channel, has for a year past persistently misrepresented its circulation for the purposes of revenue. This was called to the attention of the BOSTON AMERICAN as far back as last May. At this time the Traveler claimed a circulation of 80,000, which, if correct, would in itself have amounted to little in these days of large newspaper circulations. The AMERICAN'S investigations show that for weeks around this time the Traveler's circulation clung about 47,000.

As late as January 31, 1905, in a circular letter sent to certain advertisers in Boston, the Traveler asked these advertisers to purchase advertising space in the Traveler on a represented circulation of over 80,000. This letter was received by some of these advertisers on the first day of February—last Wednesday. On that day the total circulation of the Boston Traveler—that is—the whole number of papers which it put out was 39,084.

This illustration alone should be sufficient to convince the legislators of Massachusetts that they should at once pass a law similar to that in force in New York and California.

Pittsburg Phil Made a Million and Died

But if YOU Follow His Methods You Will Make NOTHING and Die a Pauper

George E. Smith, known as "Pittsburg Phil," is dead. He lived to be forty years old. He left a million dollars. When you read this last sentence you start to tip your hat to "Pittsburg Phil." Money, with many of us, takes the place of royalty. We kow-tow to it as the Englishman does to a tea seller or liquor dealer turned marquis.

"Pittsburg Phil" was a gambler. Still you reverence him because he made a million dollars.

Young clerks take half of a bill they have collected and sneak into a poolroom with the story of "Pittsburg Phil" in their minds. They put down the money, lose it, and then abscond with the rest of their employer's money.

Then they go to jail, and a mother or sister pays the shortage, and the young man, now a scamp, but still remembering "Pittsburg Phil," becomes a hanger-on around a poolroom, then a tout, then pickpocket and all the time a common loafer.

The young man making his first bets does not remember Riley Grannan. Riley won his way from bootblacking to millions. But Riley was a "sport." He was a gambler who fought chance. He broke and he became an outcast and a pauper.

Maybe Riley is dead. At least he is so far forgotten that it makes no difference—not even to Riley—whether he is dead or alive.

But "Pittsburg Phil" was not a sport. He was a "sure thing gambler." He removed the element of chance from his operations and set about in a systematic way to take the bookmakers' money after they had robbed the fools.

"Pittsburg Phil" began life as a cork cutter. Had he remained a mechanic he would be living to-day. But he is dead, and getting the million dollars killed him.

And he is ONE of a million who has made a million from horse racing.

DON'T FOLLOW HIS EXAMPLE. You will end as did Riley Grannan, or you will spend the best years of your life in dodging honest men.

Don't think for a moment you can have "Pittsburg Phil's" success even in getting money. Only one man of his kind lives in a generation. And now that he is dead YOU HAVE NOT the sense to be his successor in taking money from bookmakers. Besides, for his financial reputation, "Pittsburg Phil" was lucky in dying. Five more years would have put him along with Riley Grannan and other derelicts of the race track.

Basically, his system was wrong. He was on the wrong side of the racing game. The only constantly successful race track gamblers are those that own the tracks, control the bookmakers and through them take the money of the fools who crowd on the top of cars and fight to enter a course to put down $5 on a sure thing and lose it.

These fortunate gamblers are known generally as "patrons of the turf."

You can't be one, because that scheme of graft has been syndicated by thieving politicians and franchise grabbers into a trust. You can't break into it. The Sherman anti-Trust Law cannot touch it.

"Pittsburg Phil" won a million dollars, and he died because the work to win killed him.

Maybe you are willing to die at forty if you could get a million.

Don't try it. You will end by dying under forty, and the county will have to pay for your coffin.

"Pittsburg Phil" had sense, but he was the only man following his line of betting that did; if you try to do as he did you will soon learn that you are a fool, and this knowledge makes a sensitive man very uncomfortable.

COLLARED!

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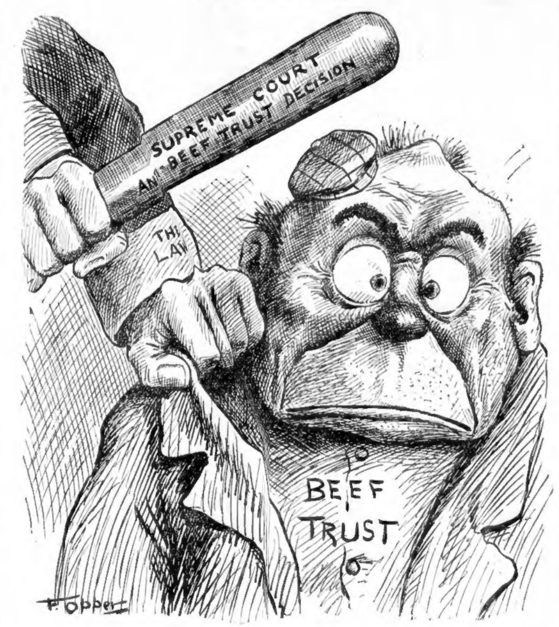
SUPREME COURT AND BEEF TRUST DECISION
THE LAW
BEEF TRUST
F. OPPER

One of the Worst Members of the Trust Alley Gang in Custody

IT'S TOO BAD THAT WILLIE STAMMERS

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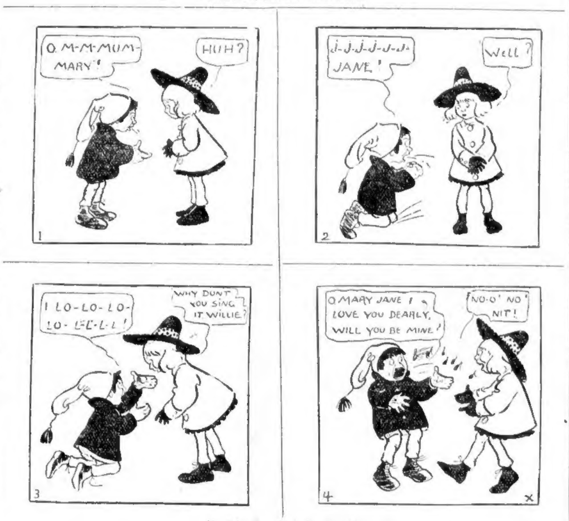
O M-M-MUM-MARY!
HUH?
1
J-J-J-J-J-J-JANE!
Well?
2
I LO-LO-LO-LO-L-L-L-L!
WHY DON'T YOU SING IT WILLIE?
3
O MARY JANE I LOVE YOU DEARLY, WILL YOU BE MINE?
NO-O' NO' NIT!
4
x

He Did the Best He Could

NOW WHAT D'YE THINK OF THAT?

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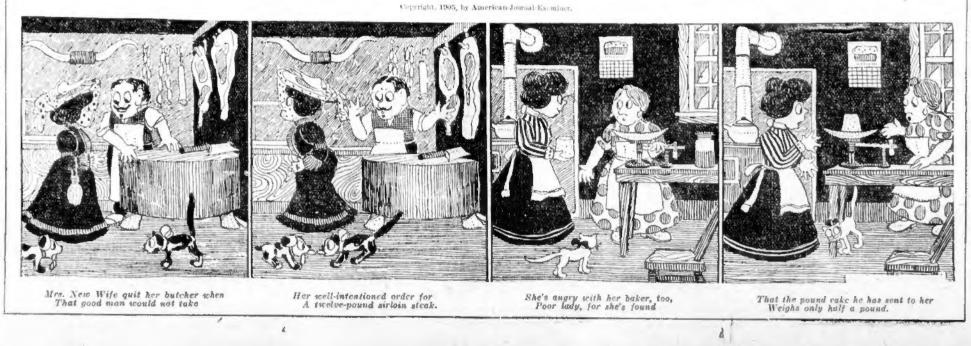

Mrs. New Wife quit her butcher when That good man would not take

Her well-intentioned order for A twelve-pound sirloin steak.

She's angry with her baker, too, Poor lady, for she's found

That the pound cake he has sent to her Weighs only half a pound.

How Boston Schools Might Be Improved

By Julia E. Duff.

YOU want a little resume of what the School Board has accomplished during the year 1904, and a slight forecast of what it may do in 1905?

The first, in detail, would fill a volume, the second several.

Let me see—first comes to my mind the glorious step which the Boston School Board has taken toward making the profession of teaching one of the learned professions. It has opened a department in the Boston normal school for professional training in the science of teaching for young men and young women—graduates of colleges. In taking this step Boston is in advance of any city in the Union, no other State or city normal school having so high a requirement for the obtaining of a teachers' certificate. Only three universities in the country require a college degree for entrance to their medical and law schools. Boston is the first to require it for the profession of teaching.

This college graduate class consists of nineteen young men and the same number of young women.

If the Boston School Board of 1904 did nothing else this should be glory enough—but it has done more; not only has it created a department for college graduates, but it has also added three other departments of importance; namely, sewing, cooking and woodworking, so that teachers in these subjects are now trained for the Boston schools.

Along these same lines I might mention the manual training departments have been opened in the Dorchester High, English High and Charlestown High.

Another innovation in which Boston takes great pride is the opening after three years of preparation of the Mechanic Arts High School for evening work. Here during the present Winter mechanics who desire to improve themselves along almost any line which they might require, and apprentices who may wish to advance themselves in their chosen work, may do so under the most satisfactory conditions with the advice and assistance of highly trained and educated artisans. What greater impetus could be given to the elevating of manual labor than the opening of this magnificently equipped school for evening work?

In the Winthrop (girls') School, the School Board has inaugurated an experiment by which girls who are well up in their studies may have extra time for perfecting themselves along different lines of sewing, dressmaking, etc., as to make them upon graduation valuable apprentices, and thus enable them to earn from $5 to $7 a week without being obliged to give the long months of free time required for apprentices in most establishments.

The School Board of 1904 has not been unmindful of its special charges, the deaf and dumb and the deficient children. For the former class it has strongly advocated a new building with vastly improved accommodations, hoping that every little Boston deaf mute may thus find his way to happiness. The classes for mentally deficient children—that is, classes for children who are not idiotic, but who are passing through a period of dull mental activity, have received particular attention, and in many cases the service of a specialist in mental disease has been provided. The work of these deficient children as shown at the St. Louis exhibition has excited national interest.

Six new kindergarten schools have been established in districts where alone kindergarten schools should exist, that is, where the school must take the place of the nursery in the homes of the well-to-do.

The health of the children has in some degree been safeguarded by the School Board of 1904 by the passage of the "no session order," which provides for no school on stormy mornings; and the appointment of two instructors in high school athletics will, it is hoped, not only be conducive to the health of pupils, but also conducive to higher sense of honor and integrity among them.

The work of the School Board of 1904 would scarcely be complete without reference to the famous "Rule 60," so widely discussed in the daily press. Under the old Rule 60, the maiden from Truro, N. S., or the master from Ottawa could walk in one door of the office of the Superintendent, and, if provided with the "proper" letters of entre, would walk out the other door with an absolute promise of appointment. Now, that little sister from Truro and our friend from Ottawa must run the gauntlet of the five members of a division committee before getting an appointment. I leave it for the public to decide which is the just method of procedure. By the present Rule 60 we have protected our Boston girls.

This year's School Board has ruled also that pupils of parochial and other private schools shall, upon receiving a certificate from their supervisor, be admitted to high schools without examination—a courtesy as well as a right extended to the large number of our citizens who wish to give their children a more advanced education.

This year's School Board is also on record as having sent out from the Charlestown Evening High School sixty-five young women holding certificates in physiology and home nursing, this being the first of its kind in the United States. With these young women doing duty as nurses in the homes of the great middle class, the practical and direct benefit is very evident. And surely the School Board of 1904 has reason to be proud of this innovation.

The present Board has opened and organized seven new school buildings, with accommodations for forty-five hundred children. They are the Paul Jones, John Boyle O'Reilly, Washington, Jefferson, Christopher Columbus, Farragut and Ellis Medel Schools.

The present Board has also taken steps toward the establishment of a great commercial high school similar to that in New York City, now receiving the praise of the educational world.

To the last I have left the greatest achievement of the present Board—when it decided that to save the school system of Boston from arterial schlerosis there must be a change in the superintendent's office. It has not yet been proven, however that we have changed the "one-hoss shay" for the automobile, as nothing very startling has so far proceeded from the office of the new superintendent, but—well, time will tell.

I have given but a backward glance over the doings of the School Board of 1904, but surely this glance at least gives evidence of the progressive methods of our very efficient president, Mr. John A. Brett. I say this from conviction, being one of those who did not favor his candidacy for the office of president—we live and learn.

As to what the board of 1905 will do—who can say? Let us hope that the course of study may be so arranged that double the time shall be given to composition, reading, spelling, writing and arithmetic—that half of the money, now spent upon music, knowing as we do that not one-third of the pupils ever become singers—may be spent for extra instruction in reading and in the speaking voice—that half the money now spent on drawing may be transferred to a grammar school department for housekeeping and homemaking so that fathers and brothers may find little homemakers in their children and sisters, rather than would-be artists without talent—that many of our girls' and boys' schools may be changed into mixed schools—that the primary schools may be overhauled so that children entering at the age of five may not take from four to seven years to get into the grammar school—that submasters may be given charge of primary schools so as to increase the efficiency of those schools, and give to the submasters the needed executive experience—that the supervisors may be made division superintendents, thereby becoming responsible for the efficiency and standing of the schools in their districts and coming in closer contact with the parents and pupils—that a Board of Examiners may be created for marking examination papers and for other clerical work which is now performed by the supervisors at a salary of $3,750 per annum—with the result that one supervisor states positively that during the past school year he was able to give only thirty-nine days for the supervision of the schools to which he was assigned and finally that the schools of Boston may regain the pre-eminence which they formerly unquestionably held.

JULIA E. DUFF.

Little Editorials from the People

SHOULD A LEGAL STANDARD OF EFFICIENCY BE ESTABLISHED FOR OPTICIANS?

EDITOR BOSTON AMERICAN:

Should a standard of efficiency in the optical profession be established by law? Wide-spread fraud and injury is constantly being perpetrated on the public by incompetent men. If a high standard is established and required by law, as the medical and legal professions, a great and increasing evil would be minimized if not all together eradicated.

FRED ENGEL.

Providence, R. I.

BARBARISM OF RUSSIAN RULE

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

And still people will say that Russia is a humane and civilized country.

Did Sunday's massacre of so many innocent men, women and children, who were seeking justice, prove such to be the case? Again, at Kishineff the barbarism of the Russian was shown in its full light, when so many Russian Jews, seeking protection from Russian persecution, were slaughtered in the streets without the slightest provocation.

When the Russo-Japanese war broke out Russia drafted men from Poland. The majority of those were sent to the war against their wills, and many of them had families dependent upon them and their scant earnings at the mines. How many of these poor men will see their families at the end of the war? Few, if any. And these families will have to do as best they can to live.

And yet with all these proofs of inhumanity and barbarism there is a certain class of people who will call Russia a civilized country.

I trust that before long those who are to blame for last Sunday's massacre, for the Kishineff massacre and for the generally unbearable conditions in Russia, will receive the punishment due them.

Falmouth. JOHN BARRY.

ANSWERS "PLEA FOR THE SOLDIER BOYS"

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

In a recent "little editorial" in the AMERICAN, Margaret I. Lewis makes a plea for soldier and sailor boys, and wonders why they are "decidedly unpopular in most cities and towns." Perhaps because they are idlers on the back of labor. They do no productive work. The useful laborer's business is to produce wealth. The business of the soldier and sailor is to kill people.

It is not patriotism which drives recruits into the army, but an industrial system which makes jobs scarce and employment hard to find at even low wages. Many a young man, therefore, enlists that he may not starve in a land of plenty. And others enlist because of the fact that it is human nature to make a living with the least possible exertion, or along the lines of least resistace. And so, many stalwart, manly boys," who would rather be idlers than useful workers, join the army.

Large standing armies are maintained, not to battle with outside enemies, but to perpetuate the rule of injustice and monopoly, a la Colorado last Summer and St. Petersburg on January 22. Where justice is enthroned there is no need of soldiers. The army and navy are examples of monstrous extravagance.

If productive workers must support idlers other than landlords and monopolists, I would suggest that it be those who are unable to get employment, rather than those who don a uniform and carry a gun. The gun of the soldier is likely to be aimed at the laborer with very little provocation.

Boston. W. L. CROSMAN.

A PRAYER OF PITY FOR THE CZAR

Editor BOSTON AMERICAN:

The following verses express my views of the Russian situation:

GOD HELP THE CZAR

Where Neva's flood lies chilled and silent, deep.
Betwixt the palace walls and fortressed town,
There sits by night, bereft by fear of sleep.
Unwilling martyr of a hapless crown.
And trembles as he gazes on the moonlit scene
Where, crying from the ground, his subjects' blood
Upbraids his broken trust, one who, between
His people and their Maker, lately stood,
As father, mediator, guardian, all;
And thinks, maybe, of those, who in the past,
Essayed the part he plays, and of the fall
That ever came to despots, first or last.
True friend of peace, and slayer of his kind,
Servant of the Lowly One, proud Autocrat,
Kind-hearted friend and pitying father, blind
To all the writhing, tortured forms, that,
Crushed beneath his throne, yet turn their eyes
To him for help. O, Father, from afar
Look down on him, thy helpless son, who lies
Beat down in hopeless woe! God help the Czar!

PHILIP ARMSTRONG,
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